## LUXURY VINYL TILE (LVT) WET ROOMS <u>WATERSPLASH</u> INSTALLATION SYSTEM ALTERNATIVE SOLUTION - E3/AS1 BUILDING CODE- INTERNAL MOISTURE FOR FINISHES TO FLOORS: <u>BATHROOMS</u>

Must be read in conjunction with E3/AS1 November 4th 2021 Building Code. The following information is based on adhesive performance only to assist in the Alternative Solutions options for the installer. It is essential the LVT supplier provides their own documentation as to the floorcoverings suitability as required by E3/AS1.

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- 1 Concrete substrate treated with Protect Crete Densi-Proof (Optional.)
- 2 Subfloor Preparation Systems (Optional site specific as required.)
  Subfloor primed with Uzin PE280 (Non-porous) or Uzin PE520 (Porous)
  - **OPTION 1.)** Uzin NC160 or NC170 Levelling Compound
  - **OPTION 2.)** Uzin NC888 feather Finish
- **3 ADHESIVE OPTION 1:** UZIN KE68T 1- Component Hybrid Adhesive **ADHESIVE OPTION 2:** UZIN KR430 2-Part Urethane Adhesive

4 Luxury Vinyl Tile (LVT) as Specified: Refer to supplier/manufacturer regarding E3/AS1 code compliance.

Uzin KE68T adhesive is a single component high performance 'urethane type' adhesive that issuited to a large range of installations requiring high dimensional stability in extreme conditions such as sundrenched areas, high point loading and areas requiring water-resistance from the top of the floorcoverings (wet areas). Uzin KE68T adhesive is suited to installations on floors and walls.

UZIN KR 430 is a 2-component polyurethane adhesive ideal for the installation of all types of floor coverings that demand reliable bonding in extreme conditions. Suitable for floor covering installations subject to heavy use and rolling loads, UZIN KR 430 cures to an extremely high final strength and hardness with excellent resistance to plasticizers, surface moisture and temperature exposure.

The Functional requirement given in the clause E3.2 is the "building must be constructed to avoid the likelihood of – (a) Fungal growth or the accumulation of contaminants on linings and other building elements; and (b) Free water overflow penetrating to an adjoining household unit; and (c) Damage to building elements being caused by the presence of moisture"



