

EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK

RESIDENTIAL SNAPLOCK SHEET LIST

Detail Number: RI-ESL-000A

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Residential Snaplock Sheet List		
Sheet Number	Type	Sheet Name
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK		
RI-ESL-000A	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK	RESIDENTIAL SNAPLOCK SHEET LIST
RI-ESL-000B	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK	ROFILES & ACCESSORIES
RI-ESL-000C	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK	PROFILE SUMMARY - SNAPLOCK
RI-ESLR001A-1	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	BARGE DETAIL (TYPE 1)
RI-ESLR001B-1	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	BARGE DETAIL (TYPE 2)
RI-ESLR001C-1	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	BARGE DETAIL (TYPE 3)
RI-ESLR002A	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	TYPICAL HEAD BARGE DETAIL
RI-ESLR003A	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	TYPICAL CHANGE IN PITCH
RI-ESLR003B	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	TYPICAL CHANGE IN PITCH
RI-ESLR004A	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	GUTTER APRON DETAIL (NON VENTED)
RI-ESLR004B	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	GUTTER APRON DETAIL (VENTILATED)
RI-ESLR004C	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	GUTTER APRON DETAIL (NO SOFFIT)
RI-ESLR005C	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	VENTILATED RIDGE AND HIP DETAIL
RI-ESLR006B	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	TYPICAL VALLEY DETAIL
RI-ESLR006B-1	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	TYPICAL VALLEY DETAIL
RI-ESLR006C	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	DORMER VALLEY DETAIL
RI-ESLR007AS	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	INTERNAL GUTTER
RI-ESLR010A-1	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (NON CAVITY) TYPE 1
RI-ESLR010A-1A	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (NON CAVITY) TYPE 2
RI-ESLR010B-1	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (CAVITY) TYPE 1
RI-ESLR010B-1A	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (CAVITY) TYPE 2
RI-ESLR011AB	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	TYPICAL APRON FLASHING (NON CAVITY) TYPE 1 - OPTION 2
RI-ESLR080A	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	PENETRATION FLASHING DETAILS
RI-ESLR080A-1	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	PENETRATION FLASHING DETAILS
RI-ESLR081A	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING	PENETRATION FLASHING CROSS SECTION
RI-ESLW003A-1	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING	WALL CLADDING EXTERNAL VERTICAL CORNER ON CAVITY
RI-ESLW003B	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING	WALL CLADDING EXTERNAL VERTICAL CORNER ON CAVITY WITH CLADDING CHANGE
RI-ESLW004A-1	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING	WALL CLADDING INTERNAL VERTICAL CORNER ON CAVITY
RI-ESLW004B	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING	WALL CLADDING INTERNAL VERTICAL CORNER ON CAVITY WITH CLADDING CHANGE
RI-ESLW005A	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING	WALL CLADDING BASE OF VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY
RI-ESLW012A	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING	WINDOW / DOOR HEAD FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY
RI-ESLW012B	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING	WINDOW / DOOR JAMB FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY
RI-ESLW012C	EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING	WINDOW / DOOR SILL FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY

Copyright detail © 2017



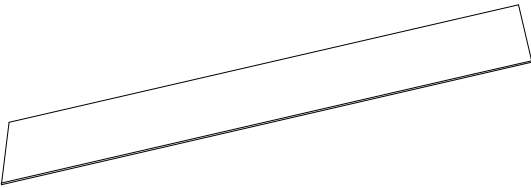
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK
ROFILES & ACCESSORIES

Detail Number: RI-ESL-000B

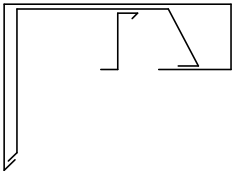
Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A3

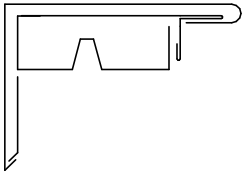
ROOFING INDUSTRIES EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK SECRET CLIP FIXED



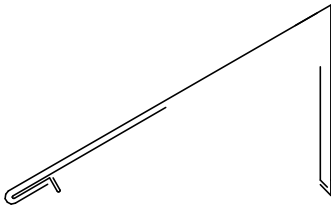
EUROSTYLE BARGE FLASHING



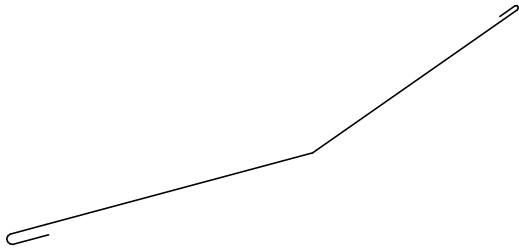
ROOFING INDUSTRIES UNDERFLASHING



ROOFING INDUSTRIES EUROSTYLE HEAD BARGE FLASHING



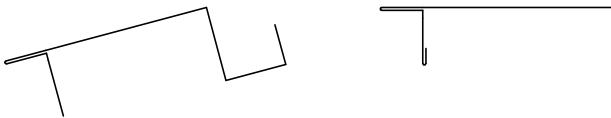
ROOFING INDUSTRIES CHANGE IN PITCH FLASHING



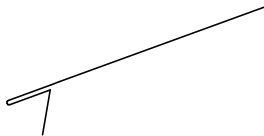
ROOFING INDUSTRIES EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK SECRET CLIP FIXED



ROOFING INDUSTRIES UNDERFLASHING



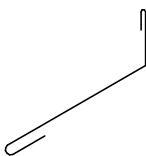
ROOFING INDUSTRIES GUTTER APRON FLASHING



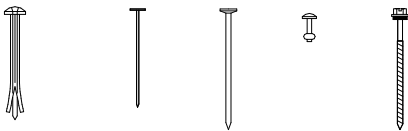
ROOFING INDUSTRIES ANGLE FLASHING



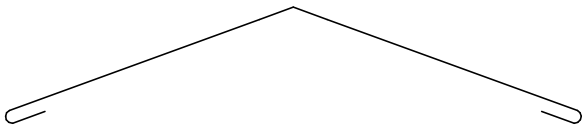
ROOFING INDUSTRIES APRON FLASHING



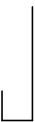
Fixings



ROOFING INDUSTRIES RIDGE FLASHING



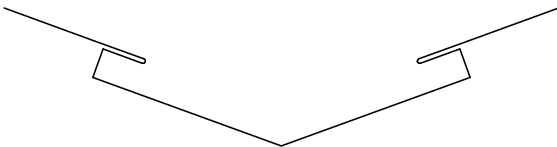
CAVITY CLOSER



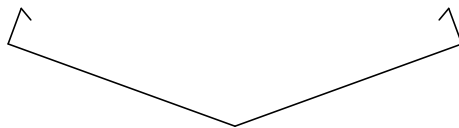
METAL ANGLE



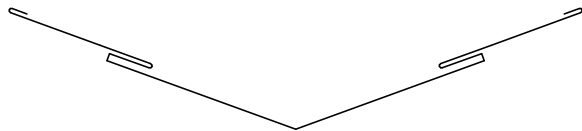
ROOFING INDUSTRIES VALLEY GUTTER



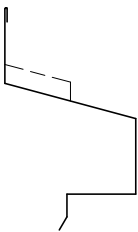
ROOFING INDUSTRIES VALLEY GUTTER



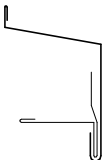
ROOFING INDUSTRIES DORMER VALLEY GUTTER



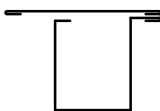
HEAD FLASHING



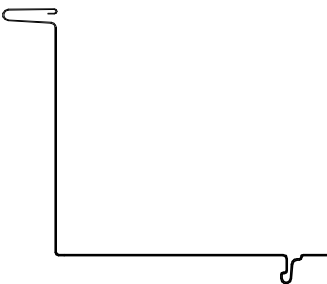
SILL FLASHING



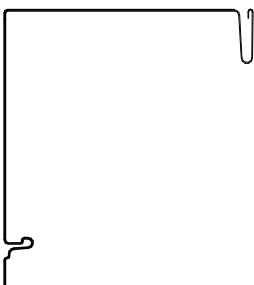
JAMB FLASHING



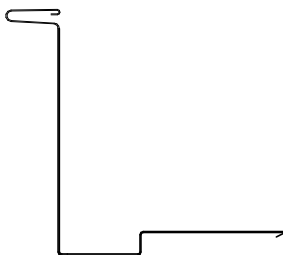
ROOFING INDUSTRIES SNAPLOK EXTERNAL CORNER



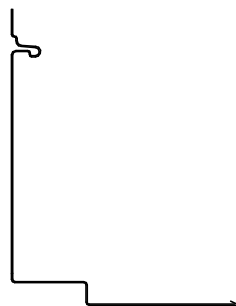
ROOFING INDUSTRIES SNAPLOK INTERNAL CORNER



ROOFING INDUSTRIES SNAPLOK EXTERNAL CORNER



ROOFING INDUSTRIES SNAPLOK INTERNAL CORNER



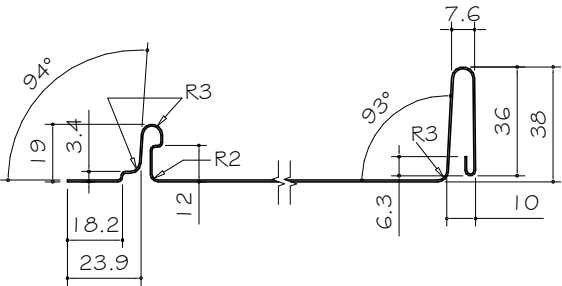
Copyright detail © 2017



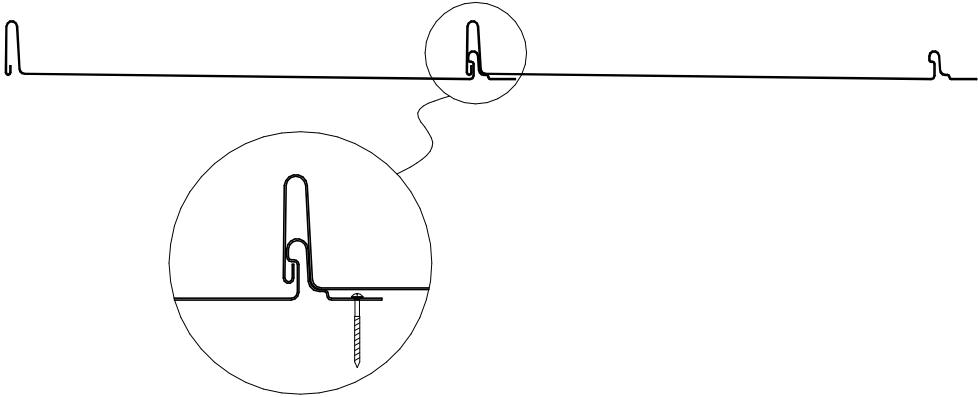
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK

PROFILE SUMMARY - SNAPLOCK

Detail Number: RI-ESL-000C
 Date drawn: 02/02/2018
 Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



VARIABLE PAN WIDTH 135-635mm
 STANDARD WIDTH APPROX 455mm
 Scale 1:2.5



SNAPLOCK

COIL SIZE	610mm	525mm	390mm	380mm	340mm
PAN WIDTH	515mm	430mm	295mm	285mm	245mm

- NOTES:**
1. PANEL WIDTHS ARE GENERALLY DETERMINED BY COIL SIZE AVAILABILITY.
 2. PANEL WIDTHS IN EXCESS OF STANDARD WIDTHS HAVE LOWER WIND LOADING LIMITATIONS.
 3. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

PLY SUBSTRATE

STANDARD MATERIAL TYPES	GAUGE
COLORCOTE ZINACORE / COLORSTEEL ENDURA	0.55mm
COPPER	0.55mm & 0.70mm
ZINC	0.70mm
COLORCOTE ALUMIGARD	0.70 & 0.90mm

Copyright detail © 2017



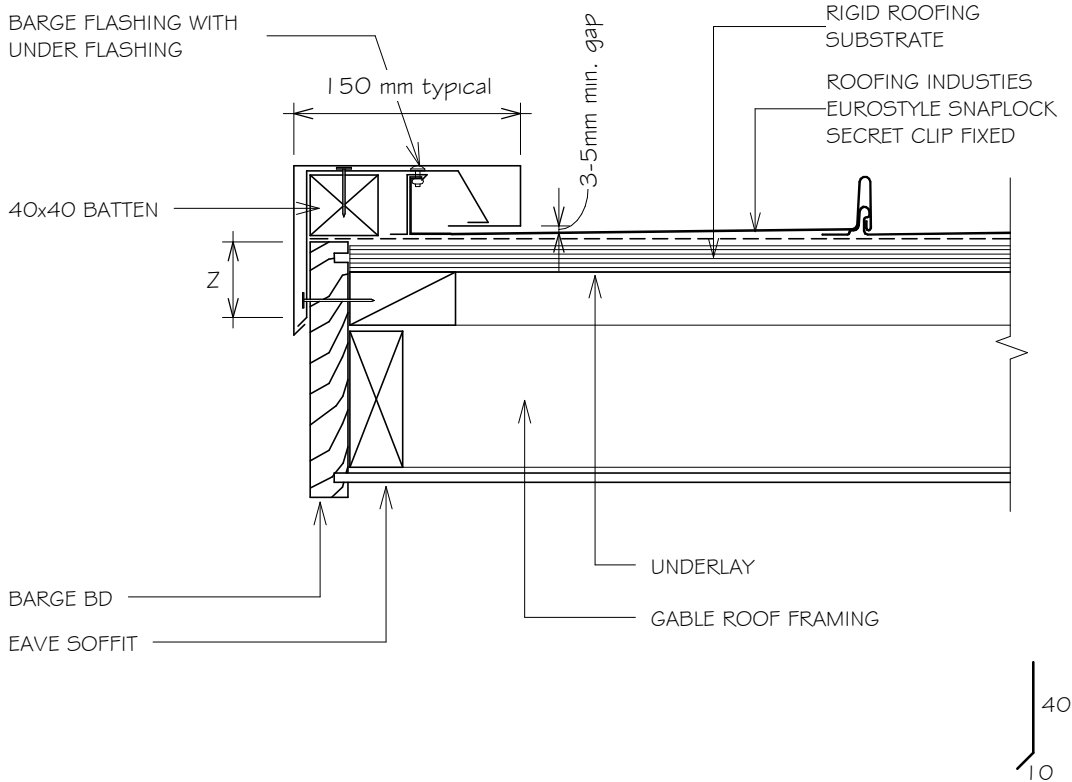
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

BARGE DETAIL (TYPE 1)

Detail Number: RI-ESLROO1A-1

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE		MINIMUM
(As per NZS3604)		Z ⁽⁵⁾
SITUATION 1	(1)	50mm (4)
SITUATION 2	(2)	75mm (4)
SITUATION 3	(3)	90mm (4)

- NOTES:
- SITUATION 1 : IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
 - SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSER WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
 - SITUATION 3: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN EXTRA HIGH ZONES.
 - EXCLUDING DRIP EDGE.
 - INCREASE DISTANCE 'Z' BY 25mm WHEN AGAINST A PROFILED SURFACE OR TO 100mm WHICHEVER IS THE LESSER.
 - ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENT.
 - HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

- NOTES:
- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outsider the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
 - The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
 - Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
 - Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
 - These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
 - This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
 - These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
 - Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



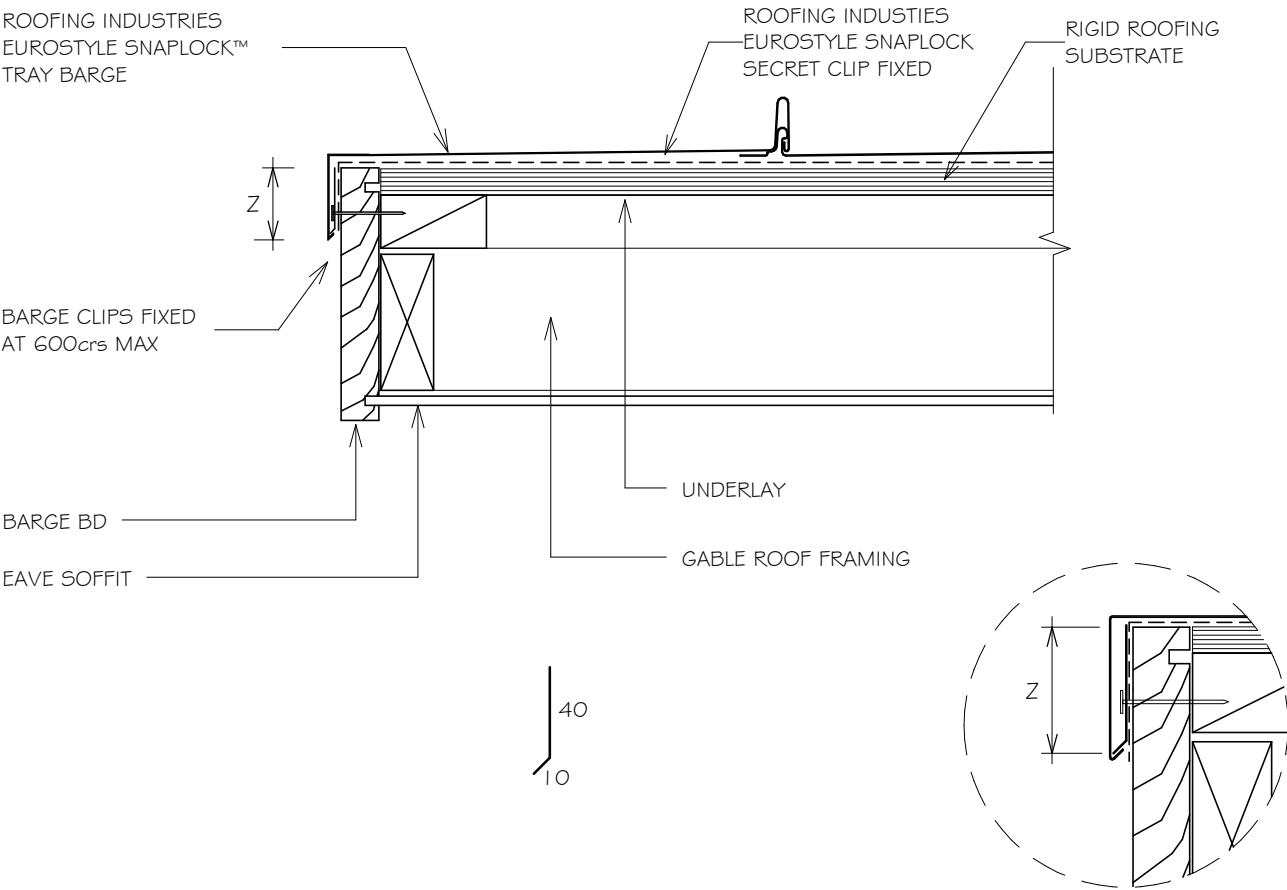
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

BARGE DETAIL (TYPE 2)

Detail Number: RI-ESLR001B-1

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE		MINIMUM	
(As per NZS3604)		Z ⁽⁵⁾	
SITUATION 1	(1)	50mm	(4)
SITUATION 2	(2)	75mm	(4)
SITUATION 3	(3)	90mm	(4)

NOTES:

1. SITUATION 1 : IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSER WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
3. SITUATION 3: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN EXTRA HIGH ZONES.
4. EXCLUDING DRIP EDGE.
5. INCREASE DISTANCE 'Z' BY 25mm WHEN AGAINST A PROFILED SURFACE OR TO 100mm WHICHEVER IS THE LESSER.
6. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENT.
7. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
8. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outsider the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



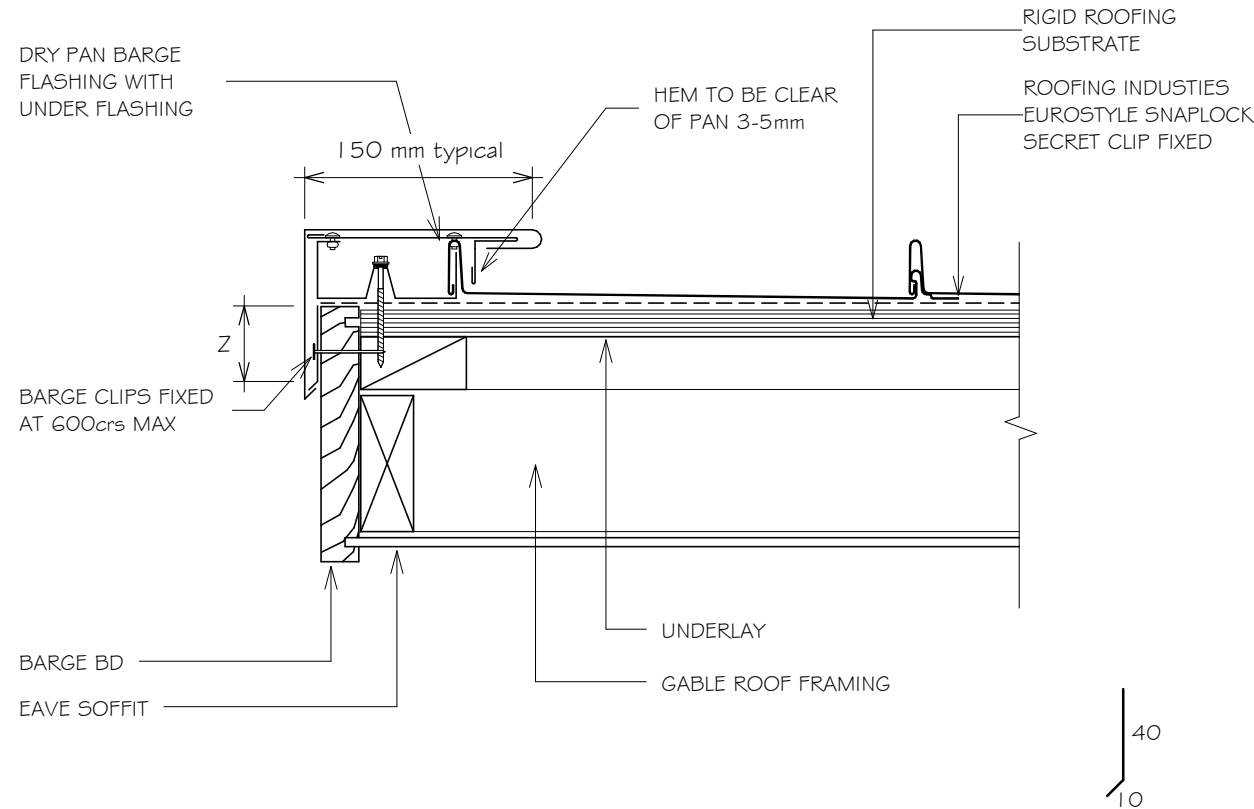
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

BARGE DETAIL (TYPE 3)

Detail Number: RI-ESLR001C-1

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE (As per NZS3604)		MINIMUM Z (5)	
SITUATION 1	(1)	50mm	(4)
SITUATION 2	(2)	75mm	(4)
SITUATION 3	(3)	90mm	(4)

NOTES:

1. SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSER WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
3. SITUATION 3: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN EXTRA HIGH ZONES.
4. EXCLUDING DRIP EDGE.
5. INCREASE DISTANCE 'Z' BY 25mm WHEN AGAINST A PROFILED SURFACE OR TO 100mm WHICHEVER IS THE LESSER.
6. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENT.
7. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
8. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



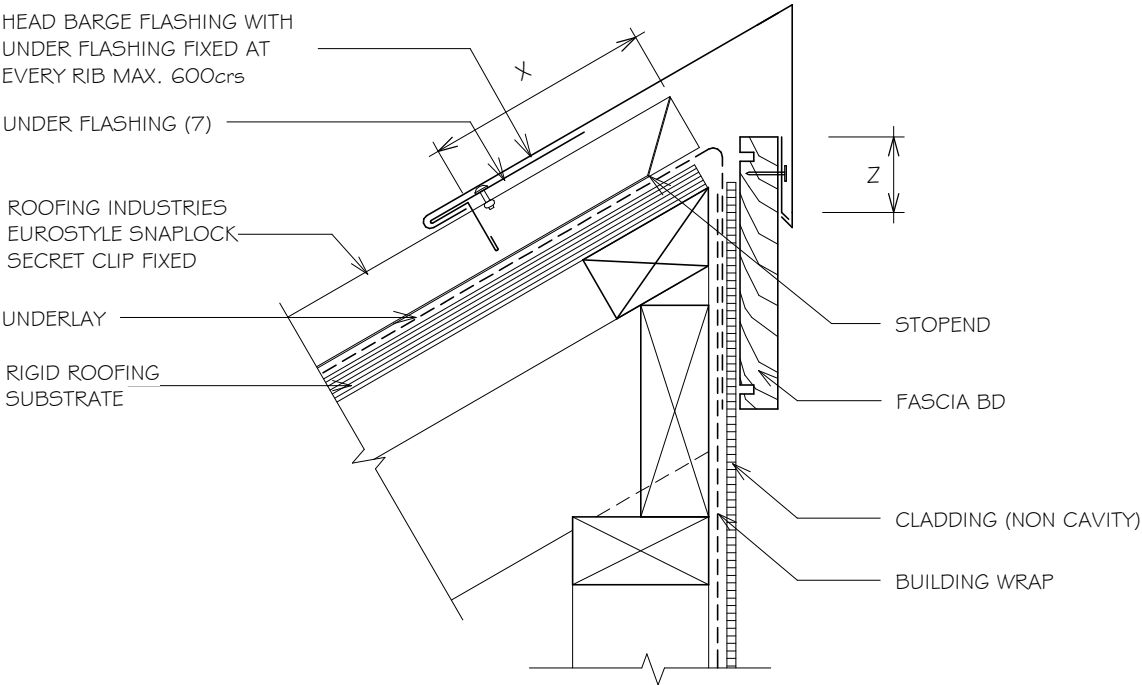
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

TYPICAL HEAD BARGE DETAIL

Detail Number: RI-ESLR002A

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE (As per NZS3604)	MINIMUM	
	Z ⁽⁵⁾	X
SITUATION 1 ⁽¹⁾	50mm ⁽⁴⁾	150mm
SITUATION 2 ⁽²⁾	75mm ⁽⁴⁾	200mm
SITUATION 3 ⁽³⁾	90mm ⁽⁴⁾	200mm

- NOTES:
- SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
 - SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSER WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
 - SITUATION 3: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN EXTRA HIGH ZONES.
 - EXCLUDING DRIP EDGE.
 - INCREASE DISTANCE 'Z' BY 25mm WHEN AGAINST A PROFILED SURFACE OR TO 100mm WHICHEVER IS THE LESSER.
 - ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
 - HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

- NOTES:
- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outsider the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
 - The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
 - Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
 - Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
 - These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
 - This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
 - These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
 - Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

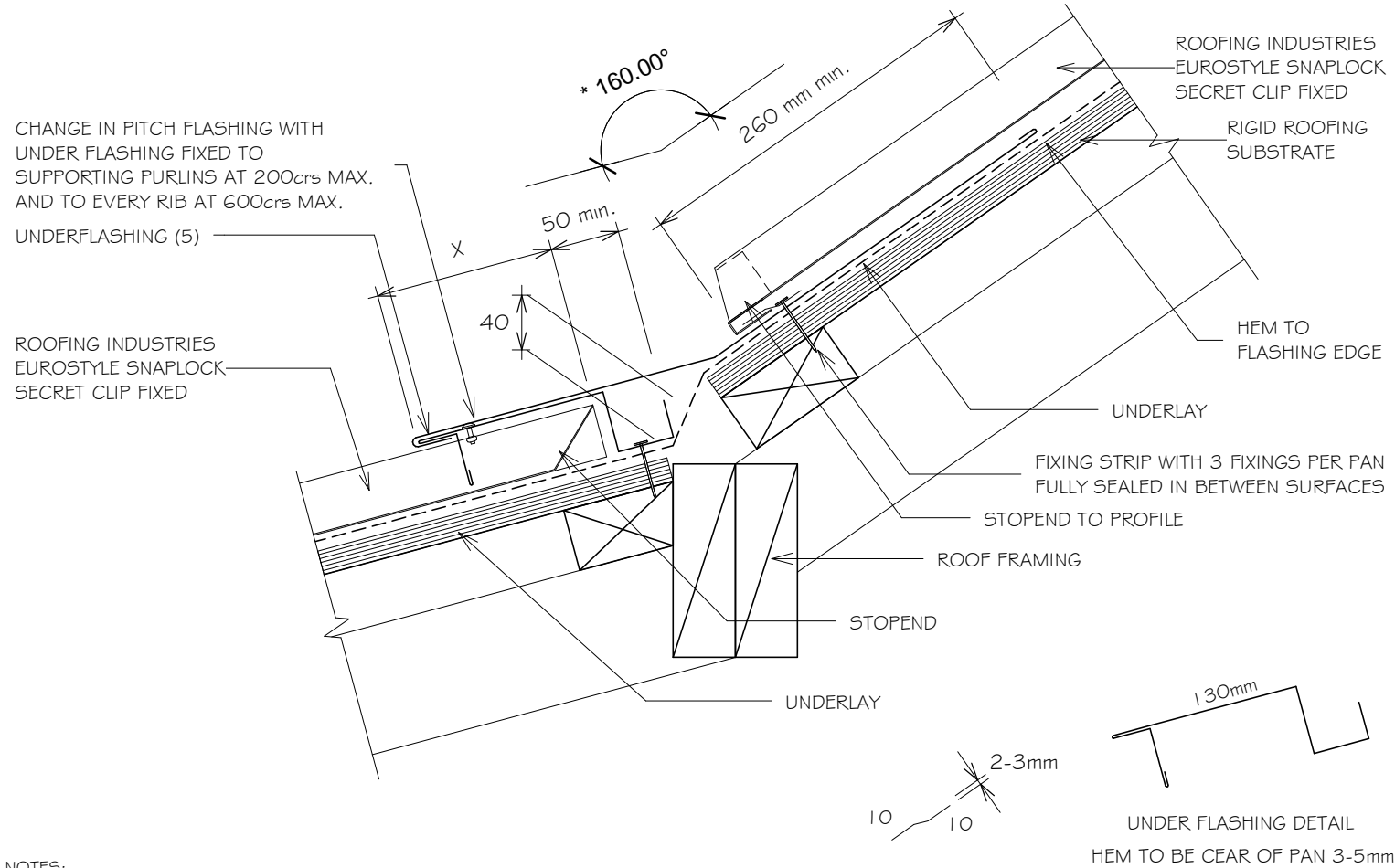
Copyright detail © 2017



EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

TYPICAL CHANGE IN PITCH

Detail Number: RI-ESLR003A
 Date drawn: 02/02/2018
 Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outsider the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

SITE WIND ZONE (As per NZS3604)	MINIMUM
SITUATION 1 ⁽¹⁾	130mm
SITUATION 2 ⁽²⁾	200mm
SITUATION 3 ⁽³⁾	200mm

NOTES:

1. SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSER WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
3. SITUATION 3: REFER TO NZMRM CODE OF PRACTICE.
4. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
5. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
6. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

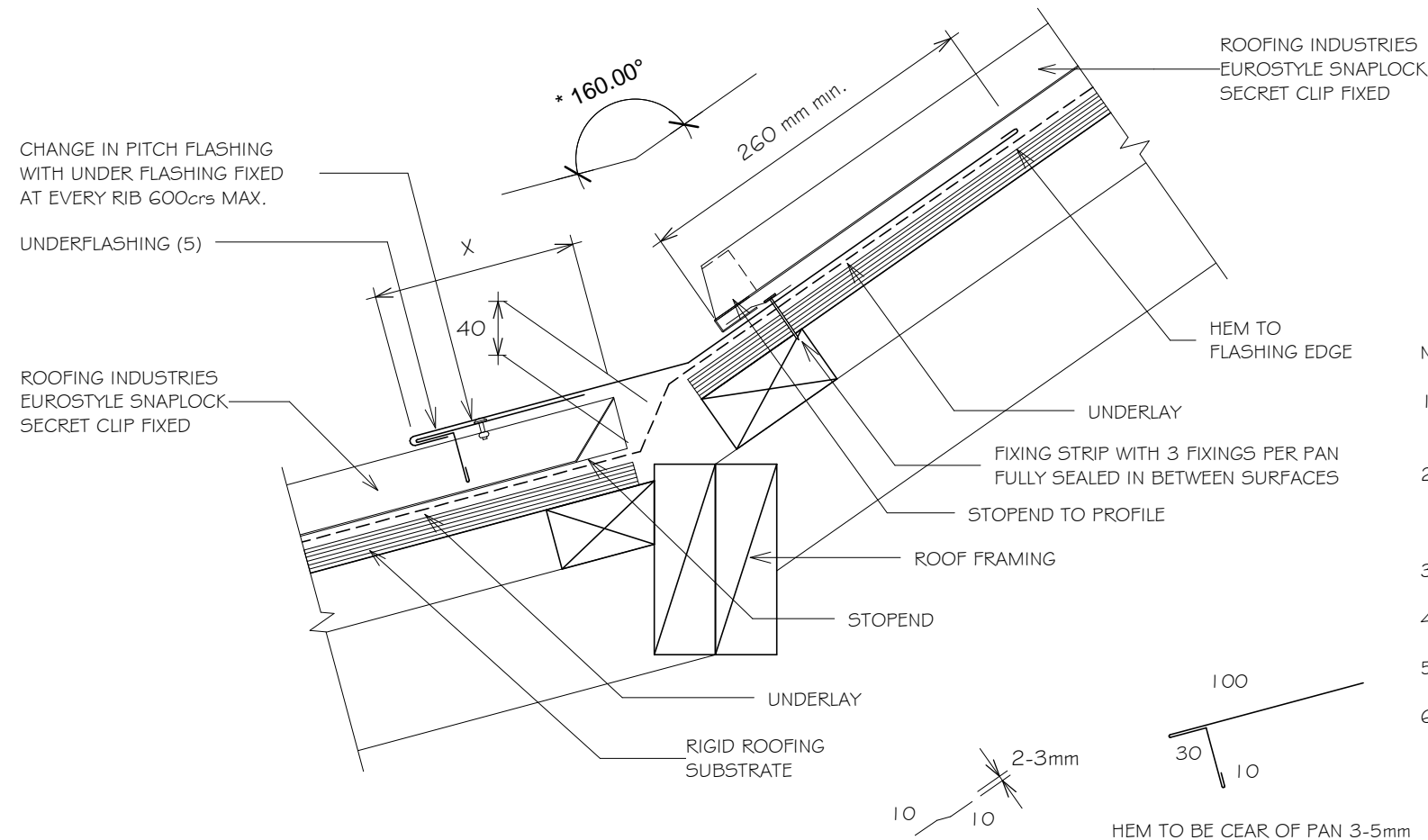
Copyright detail © 2017



EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

TYPICAL CHANGE IN PITCH

Detail Number: RI-ESLR003B
 Date drawn: 02/02/2018
 Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE (As per NZS3604)	MINIMUM
SITUATION 1 ⁽¹⁾	130mm
SITUATION 2 ⁽²⁾	200mm
SITUATION 3 ⁽³⁾	200mm

NOTES:

- SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
- SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSER WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
- SITUATION 3: REFER TO NZMRM CODE OF PRACTICE.
- ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
- HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
- ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017

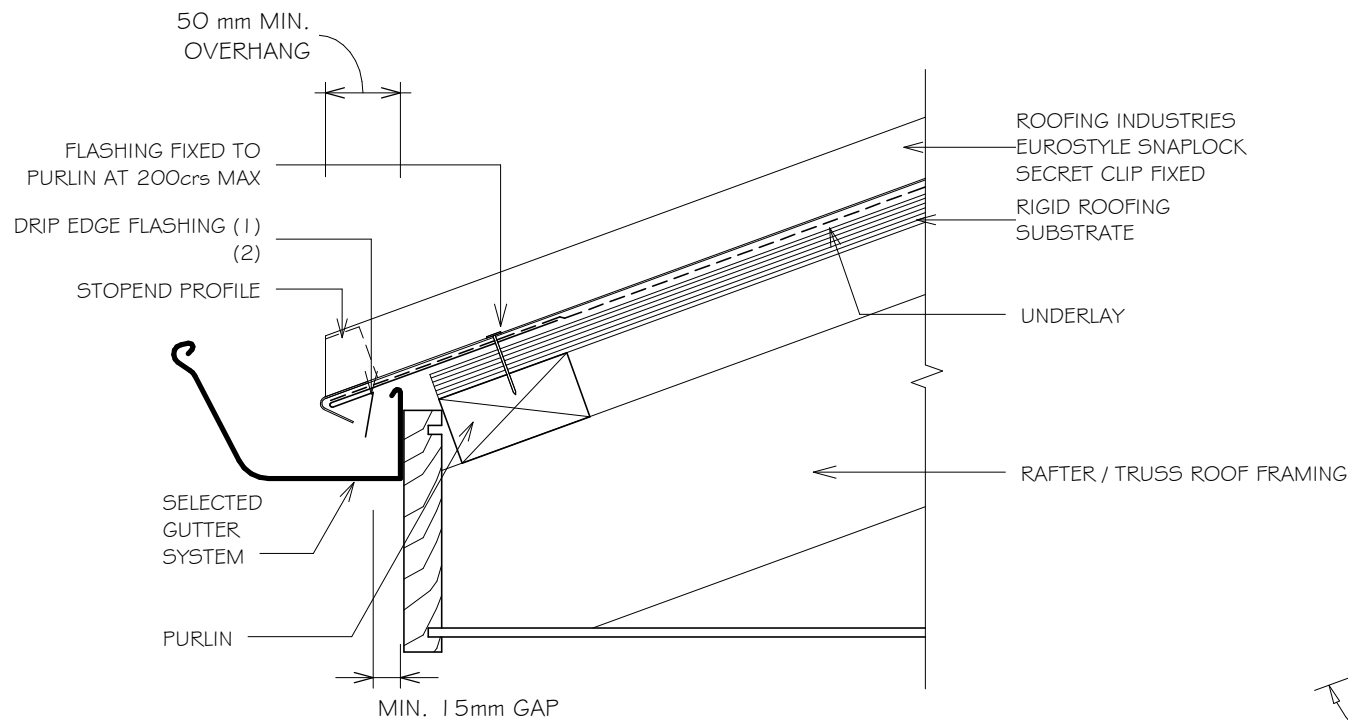


EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING GUTTER APRON DETAIL (NON VENTED)

Detail Number: RI-ESLR004A

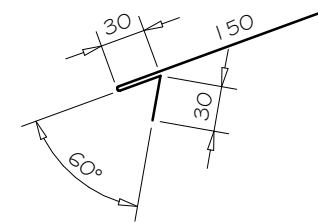
Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



NOTES:

1. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
2. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
3. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm



(Dimensions are indicative only)

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer. Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017

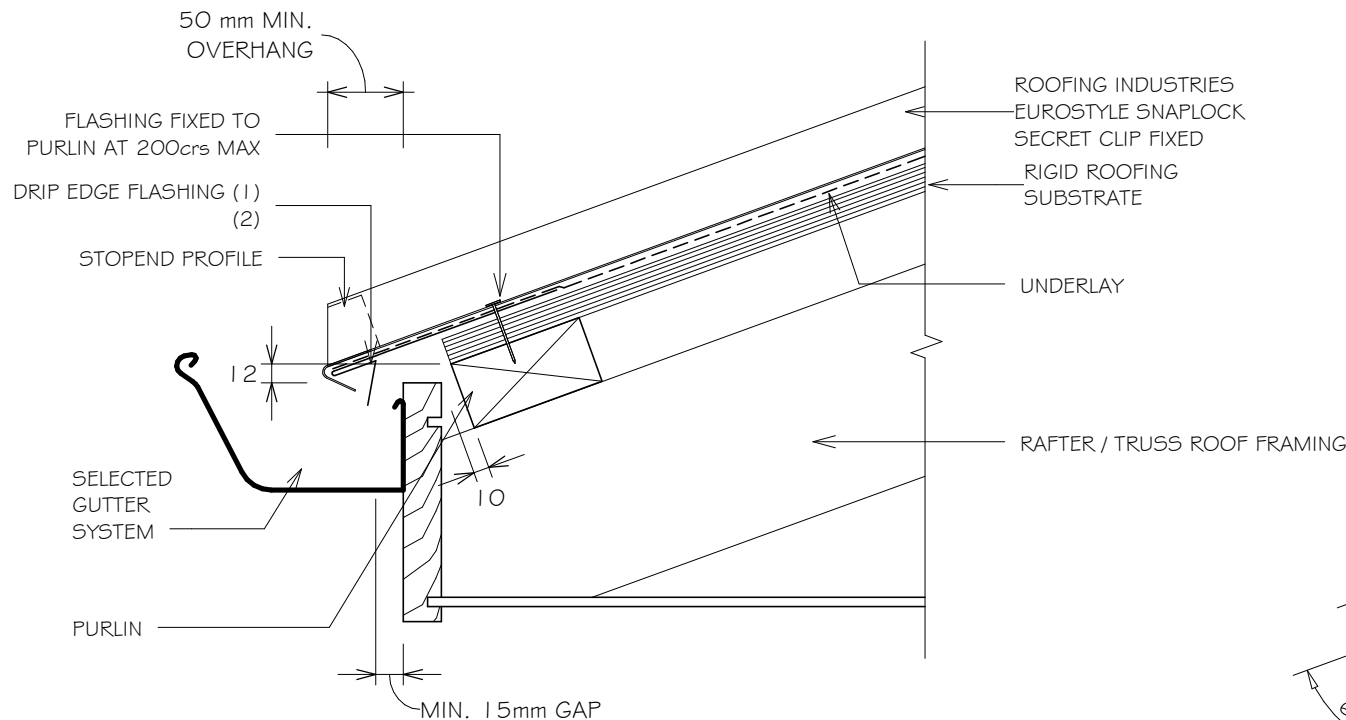


EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING GUTTER APRON DETAIL (VENTILATED)

Detail Number: RI-ESLR004B

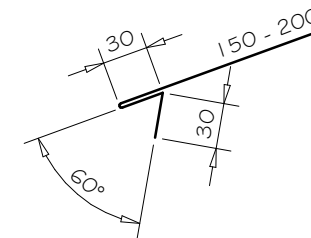
Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



NOTES:

1. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
2. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
3. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm



(Dimensions are indicative only)

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer. Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017

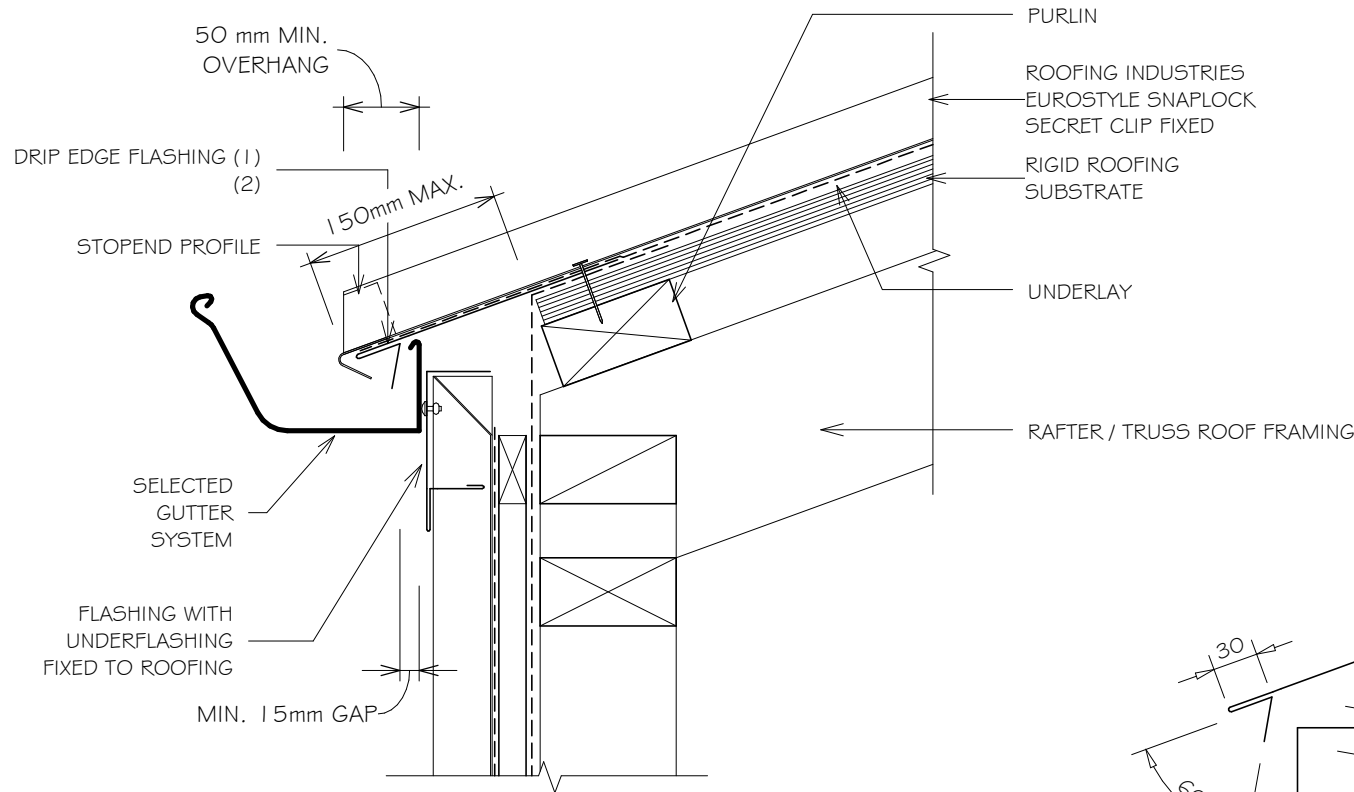


EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING GUTTER APRON DETAIL (NO SOFFIT)

Detail Number: RI-ESLR004C

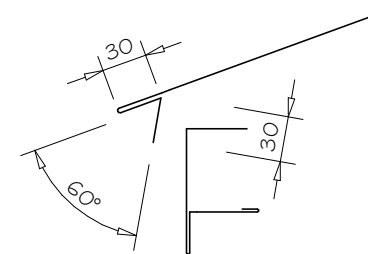
Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



NOTES:

1. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
2. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
3. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm
4. CLADDING RIVET EVERY RIB FOR NOTCHED FLASHING SYSTEM.



HEM TO BE CLEAR OF PAN 3-5mm

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer. Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

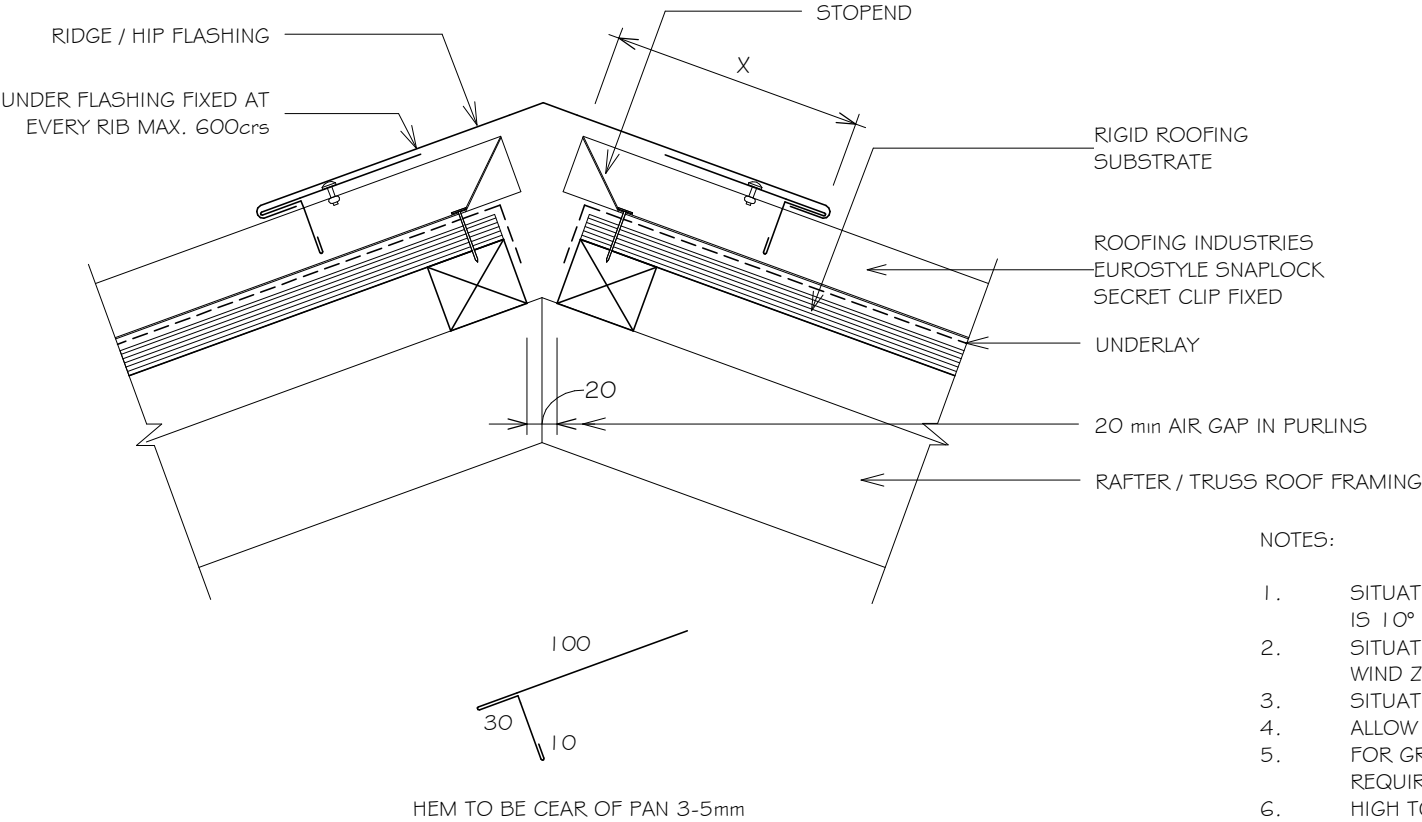
Copyright detail © 2017



EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

VENTILATED RIDGE AND HIP DETAIL

Detail Number: RI-ESLR005C
 Date drawn: 02/02/2018
 Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



WIND ZONE	MINIMUM
	X
SITUATION 1 ⁽¹⁾	150mm
SITUATION 2 ⁽²⁾	200mm
SITUATION 3 ⁽³⁾	200mm

- NOTES:
- SITUATION 1 : IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
 - SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN LOW, MED, HIGH AND VERY HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
 - SITUATION 3: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE.
 - ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
 - FOR GRAVITY RIDGE VENT TO FUNCTION, ADDITIONAL VENTILATION IS REQUIRED AT THE EAVE.
 - HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm
 - STOPEND 5-10mm FROM TOP OF RIB TO ACHIEVE VENTILATION IF REQUIRED.

- NOTES:
- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outsider the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
 - The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
 - Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
 - Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
 - These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
 - This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
 - These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
 - Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

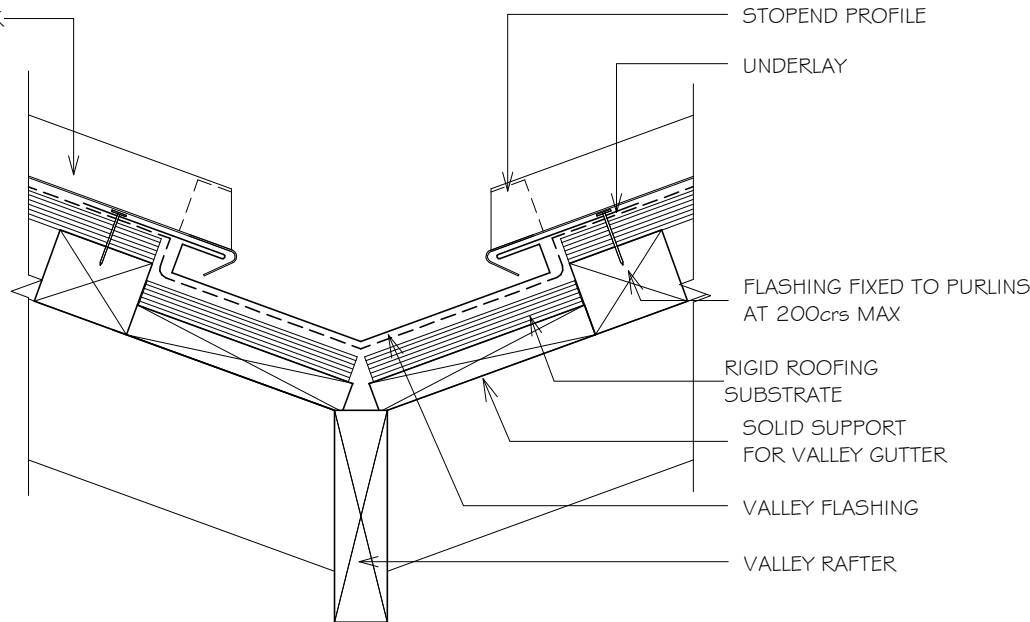
TYPICAL VALLEY DETAIL

Detail Number: RI-ESLR006B

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

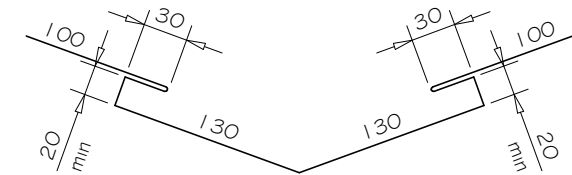
Scale: 1 : 5@ A4

ROOFING INDUSTRIES
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK
SECRET CLIP FIXED



NOTES:

1. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
2. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
3. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm



(Dimensions are indicative only)

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer. Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



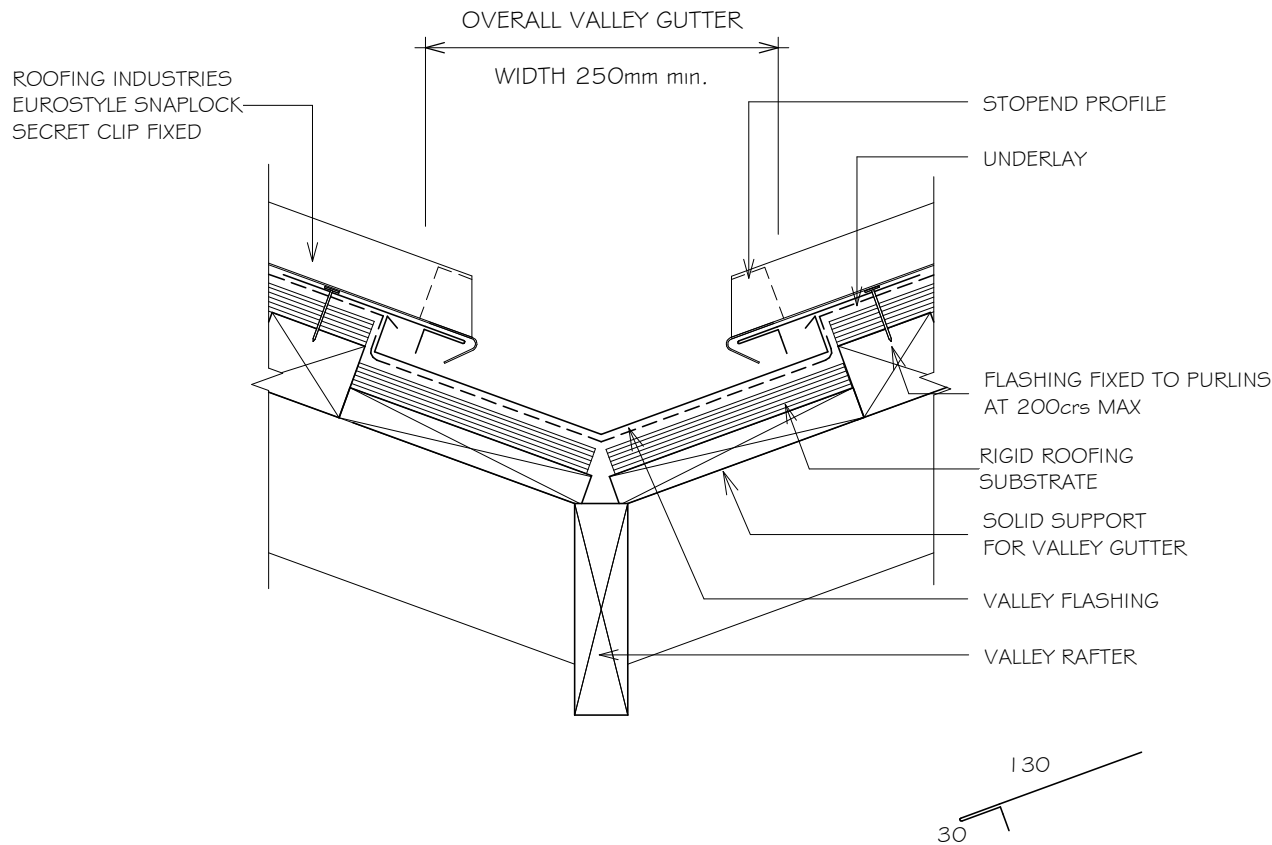
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

TYPICAL VALLEY DETAIL

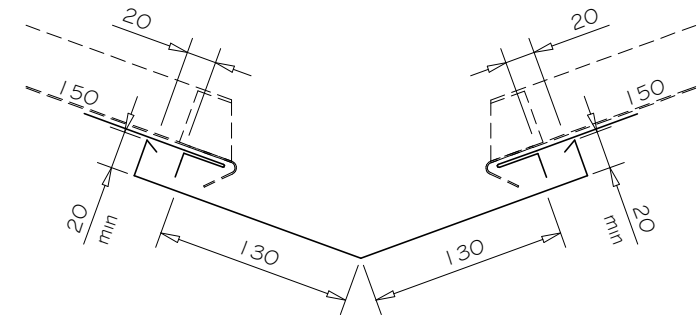
Detail Number: RI-ESLR006B-1

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



HEM TO BE CLEAR OF PAN 3-5mm



(Dimensions are indicative only)

NOTES:

1. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
2. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
3. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer. Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

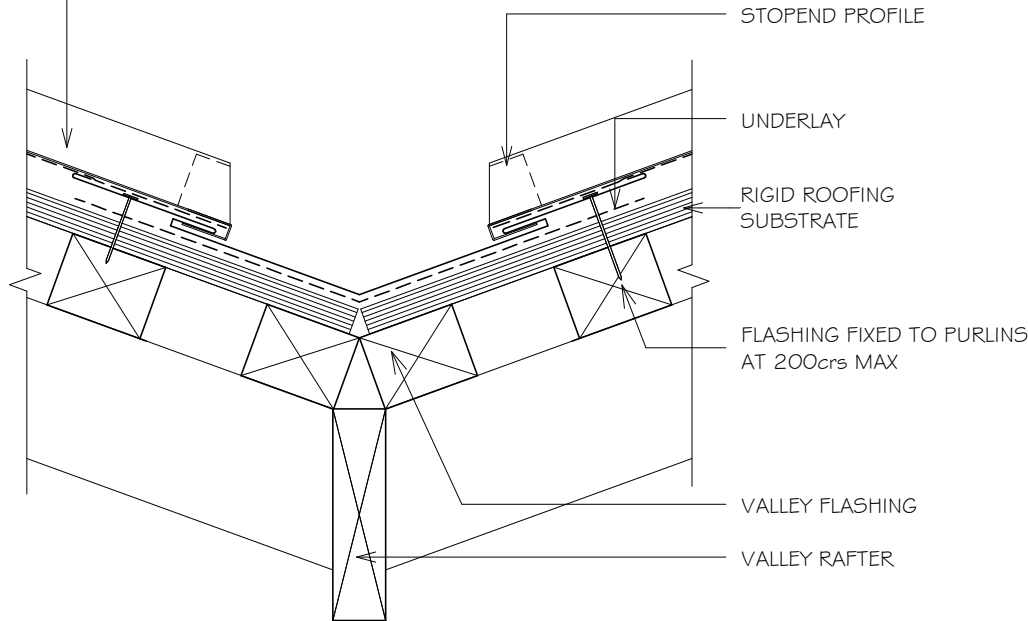
DORMER VALLEY DETAIL

Detail Number: RI-ESLR006C

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

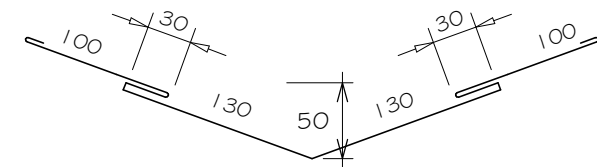
Scale: 1 : 5@ A4

ROOFING INDUSTRIES
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK
SECRET CLIP FIXED



NOTES:

1. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
2. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
3. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm.
4. DORMER VALLEY MINIMUM PITCH 12 DEGREES.



(Dimensions are indicative only)

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer. Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017

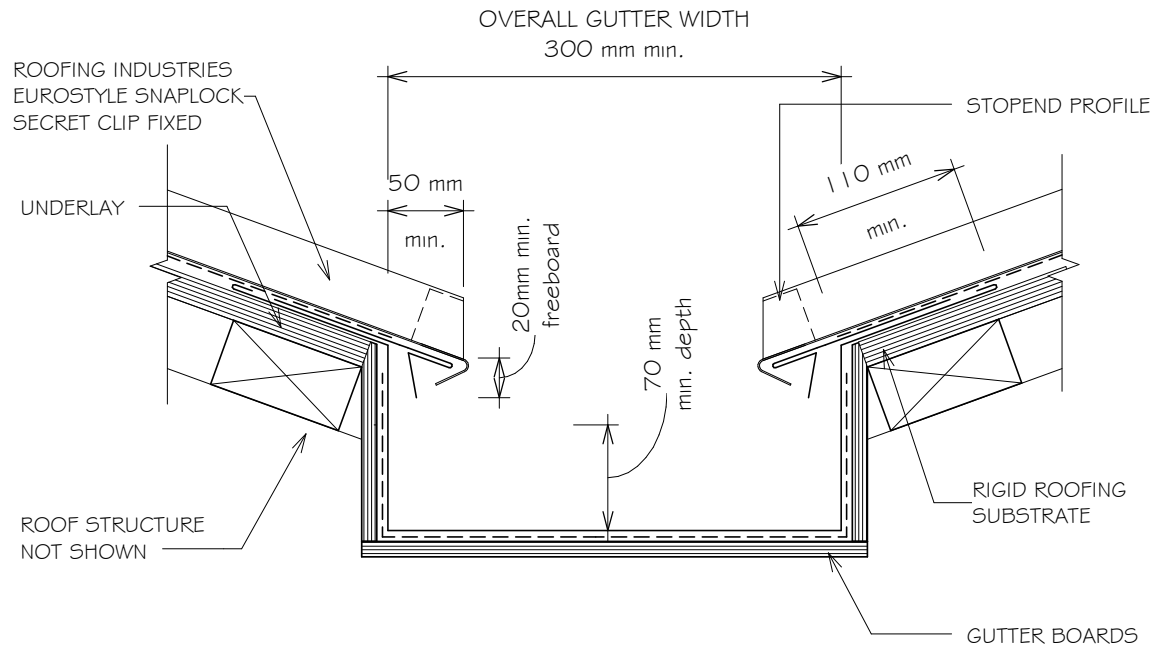


EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING INTERNAL GUTTER

Detail Number: RI-ESLR007AS

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



NOTES:

1. GUTTERS INSTALLED OVER ROOF UNDERLAY IF GUTTER BOARDS ARE TREATED TIMBER.
2. INTERNAL GUTTER SHALL BE SIZED TO SUIT THE ROOF CATCHMENT AREA, BUT SHALL BE NO LESS THAN SHOWN IN THIS FIGURE.
3. INTERNAL GUTTER SHOULD BE MADE FROM NONFERROUS METAL'S COMPATIBLE WITH THE ROOFING MATERIAL.
4. GUTTER SIZES TO BE CALCULATED FROM E1/AS1.
5. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENT.
6. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
7. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer. Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

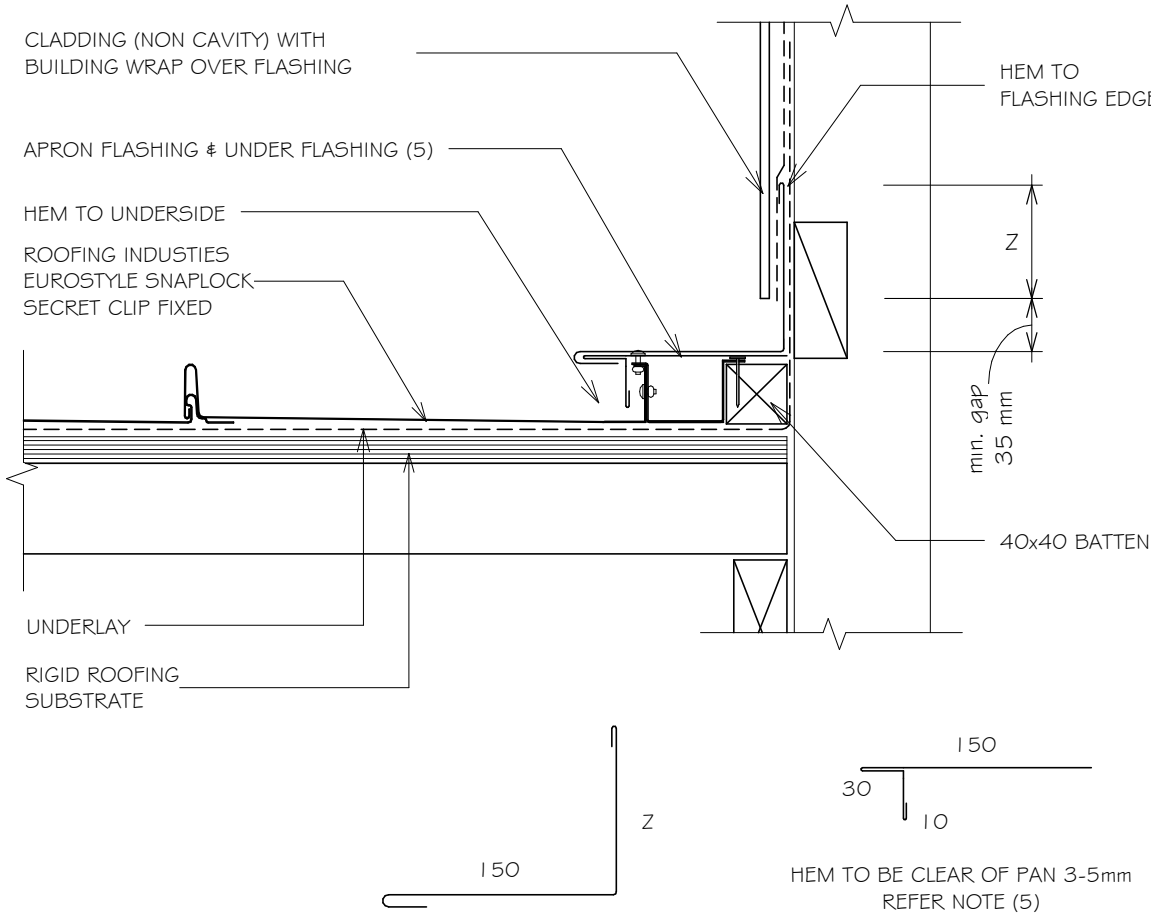
Copyright detail © 2017



EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (NON CAVITY) TYPE 1

Detail Number: RI-ESLRO10A-1
 Date drawn: 02/02/2018
 Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



WIND ZONE	MINIMUM
	Z
SITUATION 1 ⁽¹⁾	75mm ⁽³⁾
SITUATION 2 ⁽²⁾	100mm ⁽³⁾

NOTES:

- DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL;
1. SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH & EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
 3. IF HEM IS NOT USED INCREASE DISTANCE BY 25mm.
 4. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
 5. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
 6. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm
 7. DRY PAN REQUIRED OVER 50mm FROM BATTEN

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017

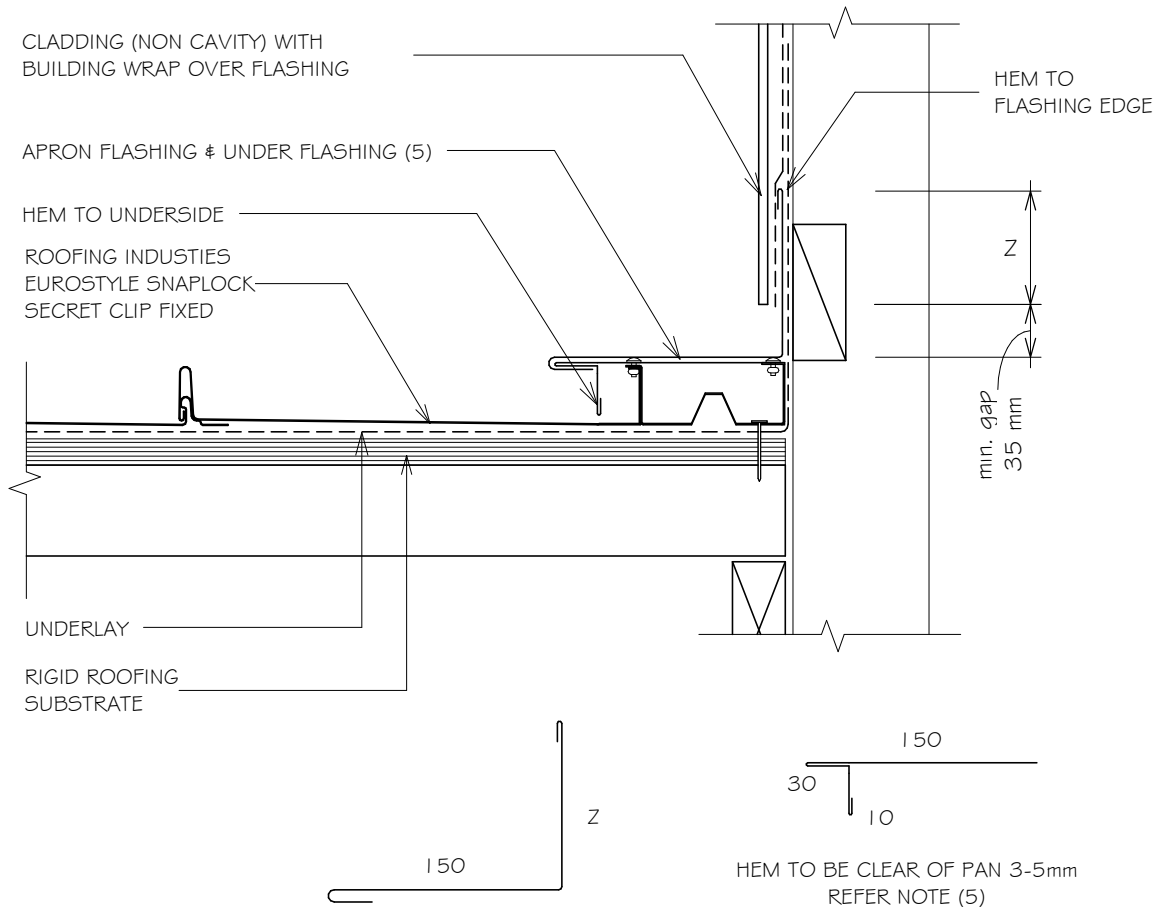


EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (NON CAVITY) TYPE 2

Detail Number: RI-ESLRO10A-1A
 Date drawn: 02/02/2018
 Scale: 1 : 5@ A4

WIND ZONE	MINIMUM
	Z
SITUATION 1 ⁽¹⁾	75mm ⁽³⁾
SITUATION 2 ⁽²⁾	100mm ⁽³⁾



NOTES:

- DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL;
- SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
 - SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH & EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
 - IF HEM IS NOT USED INCREASE DISTANCE BY 25mm.
 - ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
 - HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



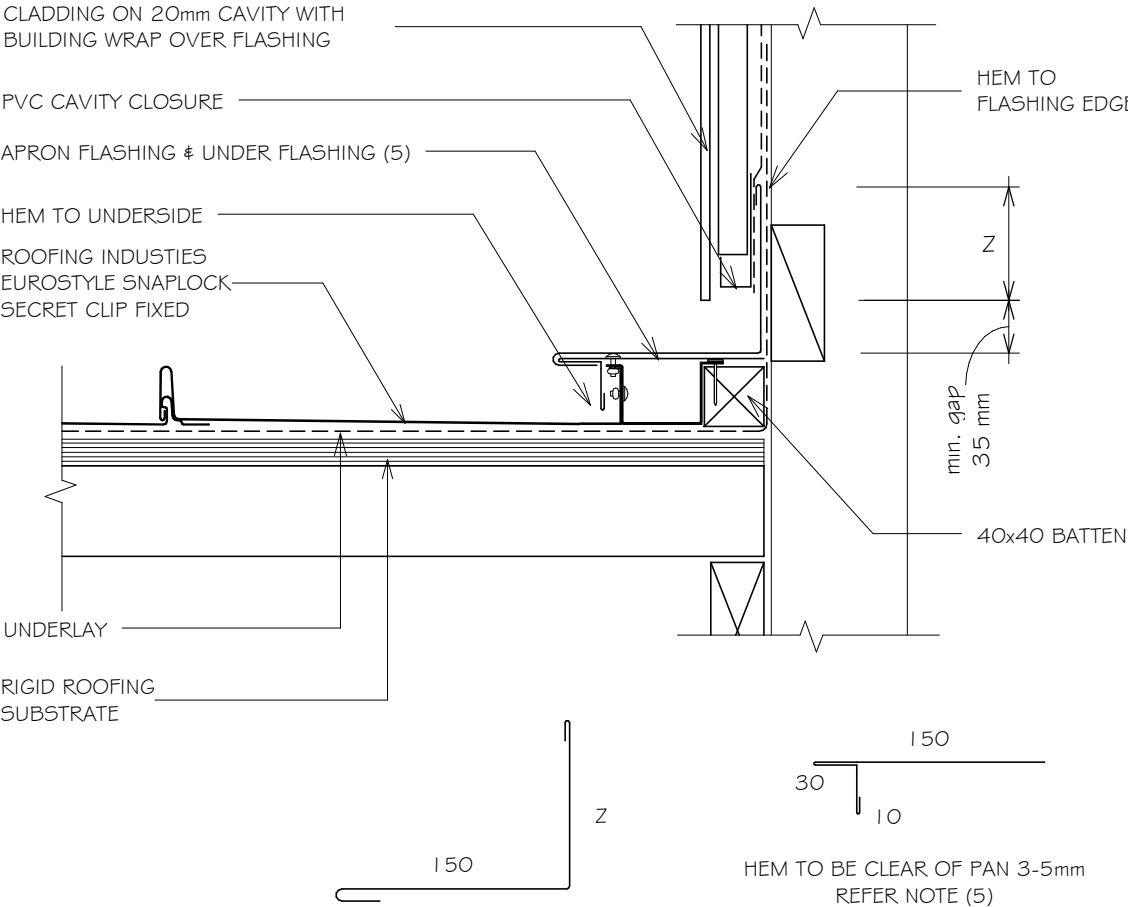
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (CAVITY) TYPE 1

Detail Number: RI-ESLRO10B-1

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



WIND ZONE	MINIMUM
	Z
SITUATION 1 ⁽¹⁾	75mm ⁽³⁾
SITUATION 2 ⁽²⁾	100mm ⁽³⁾

NOTES:

DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL;

1. SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH & EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
3. IF HEM IS NOT USED INCREASE DISTANCE BY 25mm.
4. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
5. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
6. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



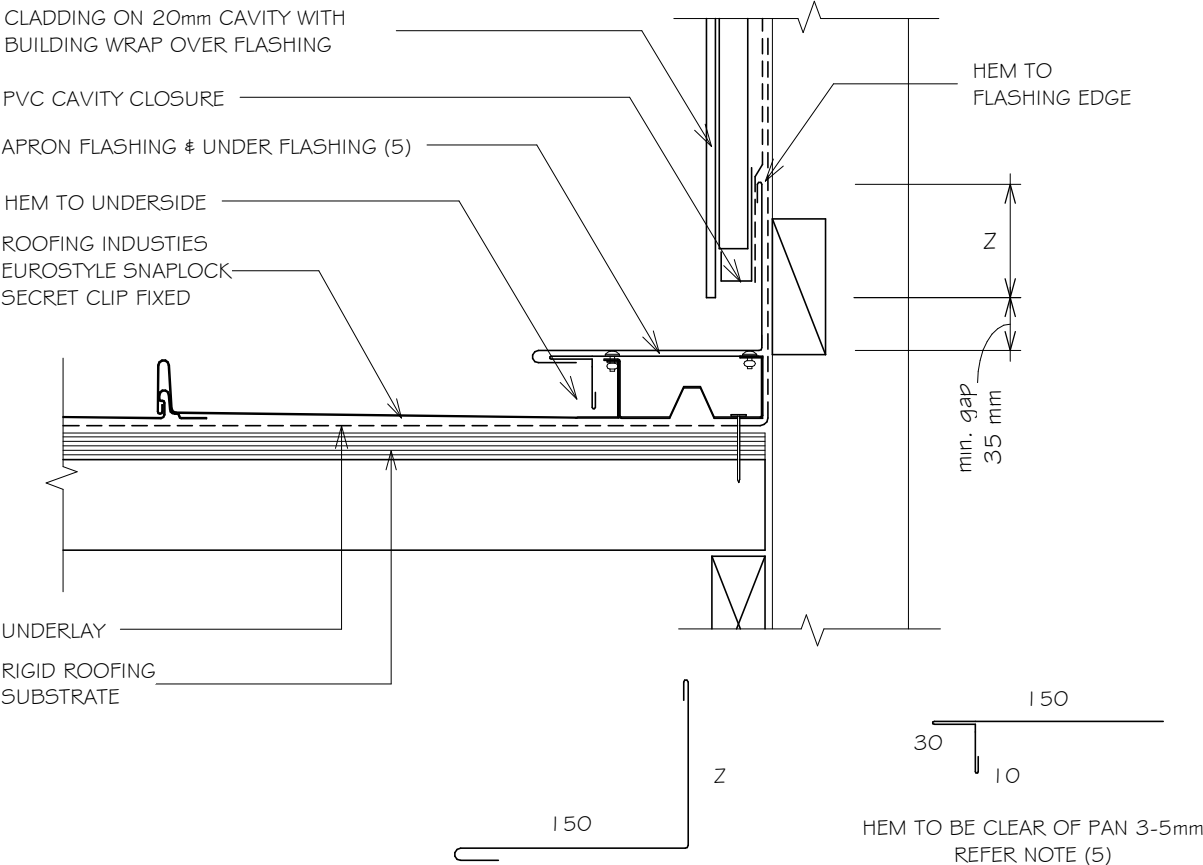
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (CAVITY) TYPE 2

Detail Number: RI-ESLRO10B-1A

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



WIND ZONE	MINIMUM
	Z
SITUATION 1 ⁽¹⁾	75mm ⁽³⁾
SITUATION 2 ⁽²⁾	100mm ⁽³⁾

- NOTES:
- DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL;
- SITUATION 1 : IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
 - SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH & EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
 - IF HEM IS NOT USED INCREASE DISTANCE BY 25mm.
 - ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
 - HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

- NOTES:
- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
 - The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
 - Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
 - Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
 - These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
 - This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
 - These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
 - Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



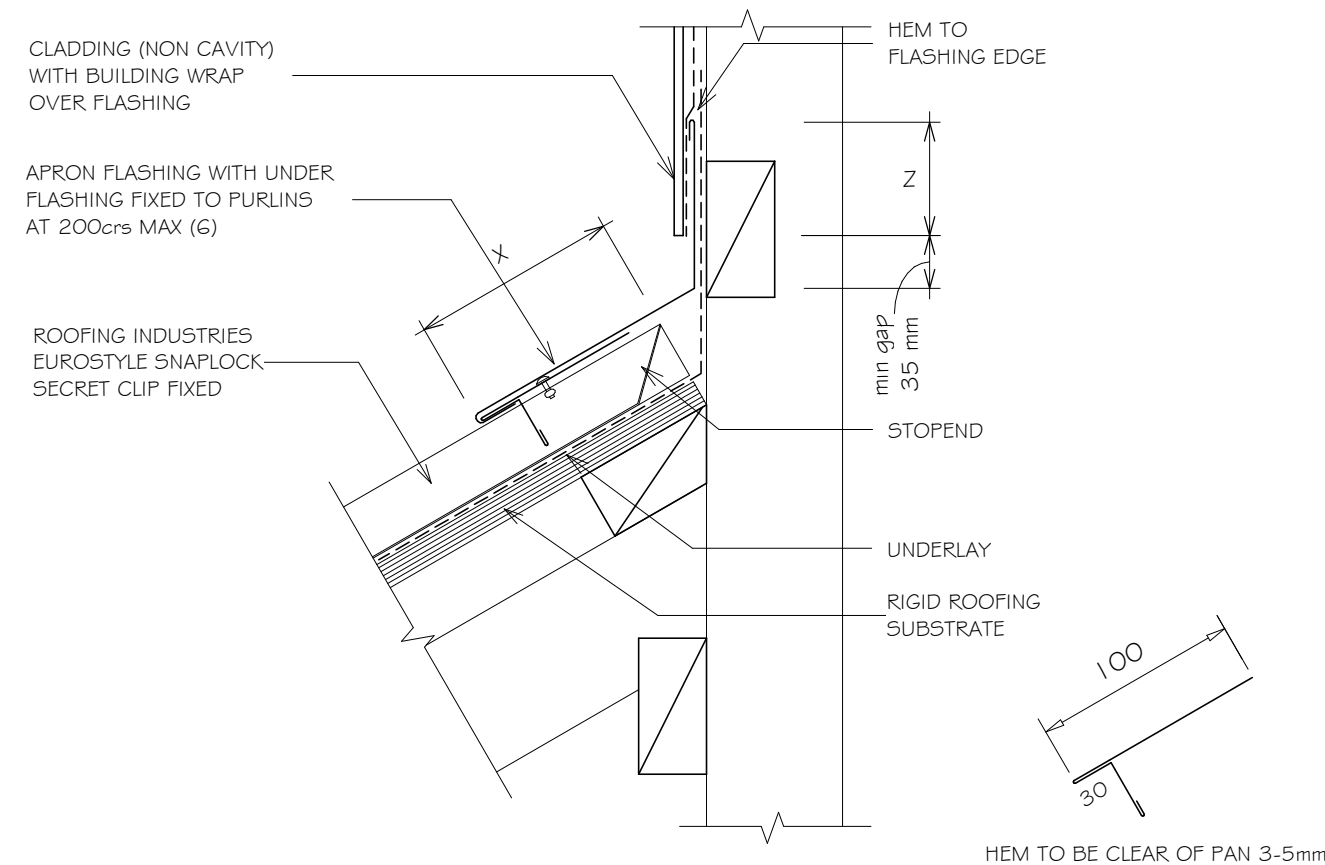
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

TYPICAL APRON FLASHING (NON CAVITY) TYPE 1 - OPTION 2

Detail Number: RI-ESLRO11AB

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



WIND ZONE	MINIMUM	
	Z	X
SITUATION 1 ⁽¹⁾	75mm ⁽⁴⁾	130mm
SITUATION 2 ⁽²⁾	90mm ⁽⁴⁾	200mm
SITUATION 3 ⁽³⁾	100mm ⁽⁴⁾	200mm

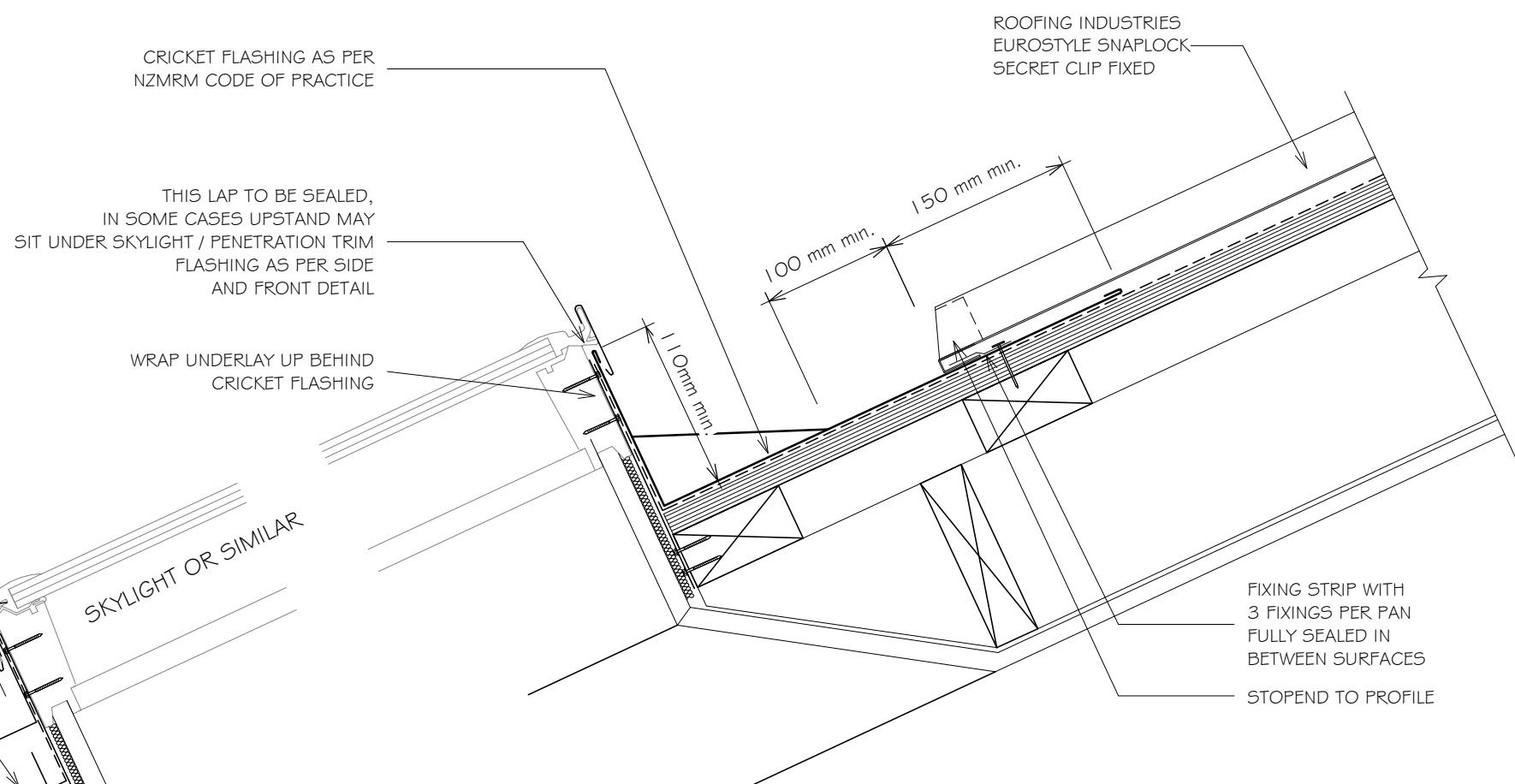
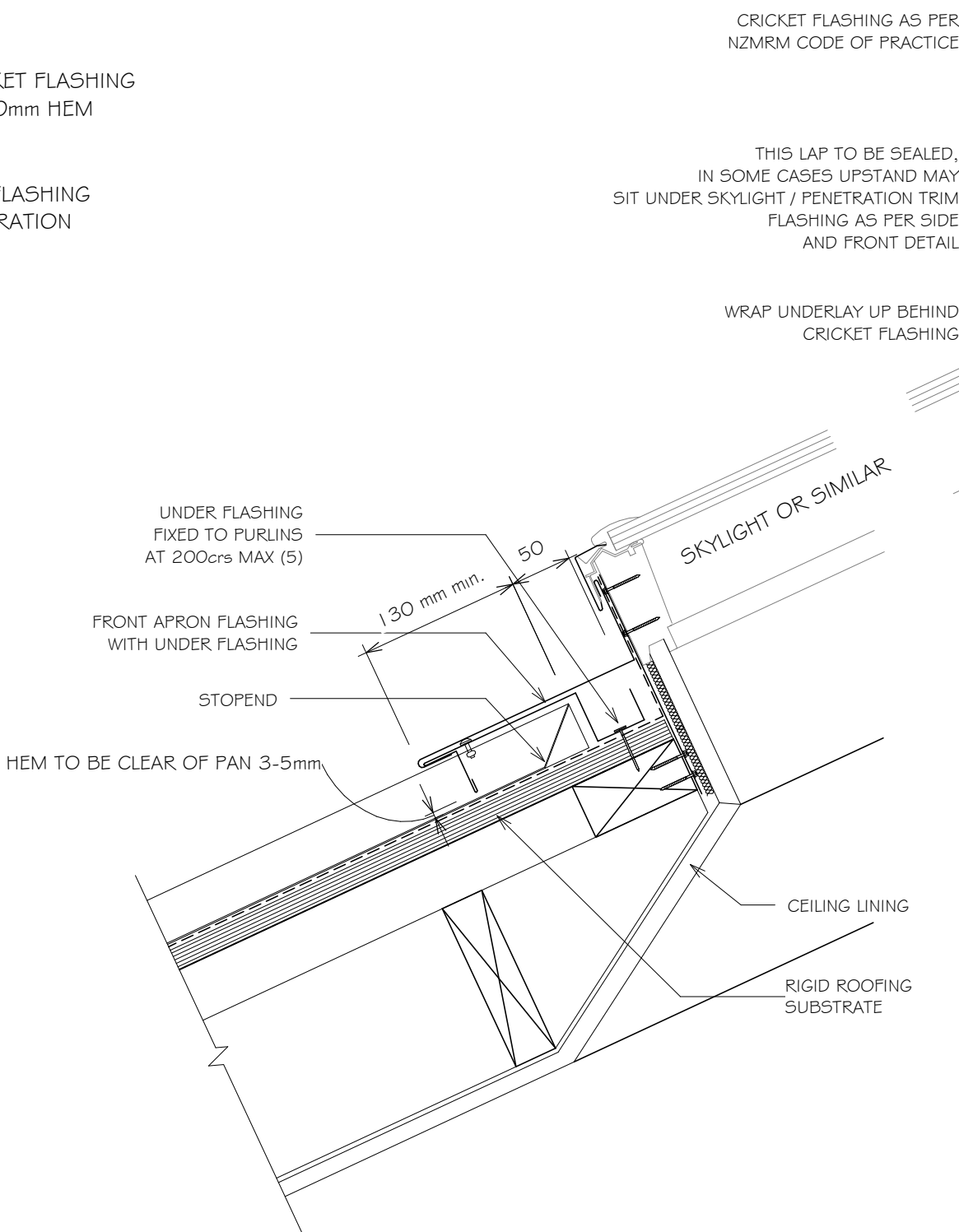
- NOTES:
- DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL;
- SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER
 - SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH, AND VERY HIGH WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
 - SITUATION 3: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE.
 - IF HEM IS NOT USED INCREASE DISTANCE BY 25mm.
 - ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENTS.
 - HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

- NOTES:
- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
 - The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
 - Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
 - Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 10 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 10° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used. (Refer to NZS 2295)
 - These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
 - This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
 - These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
 - Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017

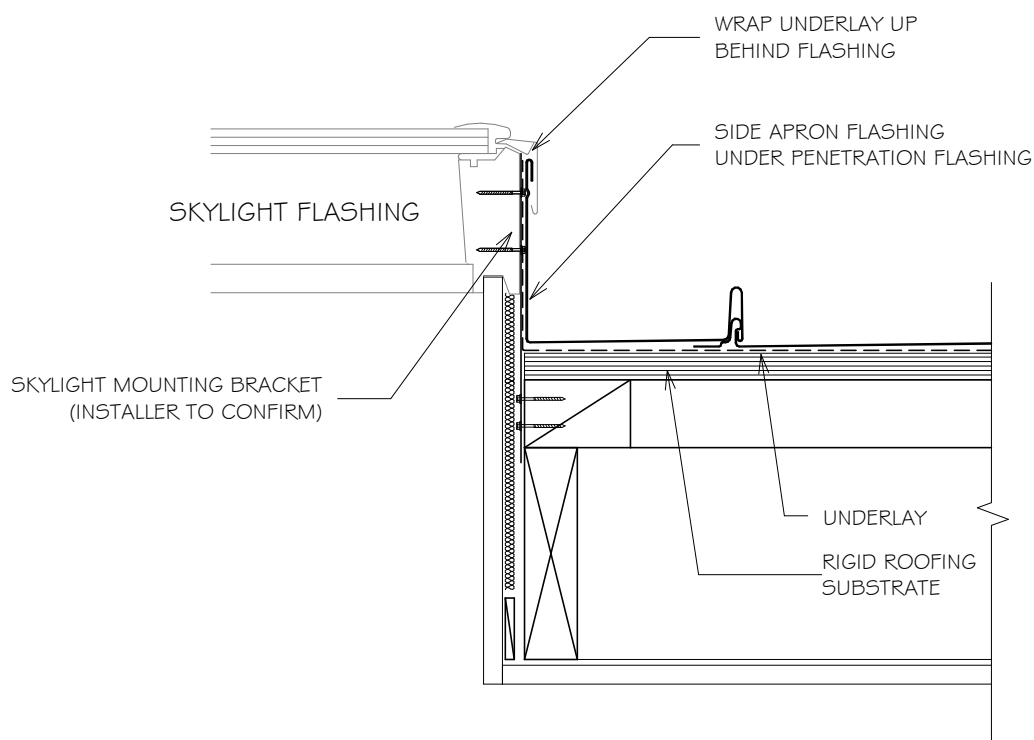


Detail Number: RI-ESLR080A
Date drawn: 02/02/2018
Scale: 1 : 5@ A2



NOTE:

1. REFER TO NZMRM CODE OF PRACTICE FOR CATCHMENT AREA LIMITATIONS.
2. REFER TO NZMRM CODE OF PRACTICE FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.
3. REFER TO SKYLIGHT MANUFACTURERS DETAILS AS SOME LOW PITCH INSTALLATIONS REQUIRE MODIFICATIONS TO THESE DETAILS.
4. SKYLIGHT MOUNTING BRACKETS ARE INDICATIVE ONLY AND DIFFERENT SKYLIGHTS / PENETRATIONS MAY REQUIRE DIFFERENT FRAMING, MOUNTING AND FLASHING DETAILS.
5. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
6. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENT.
7. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

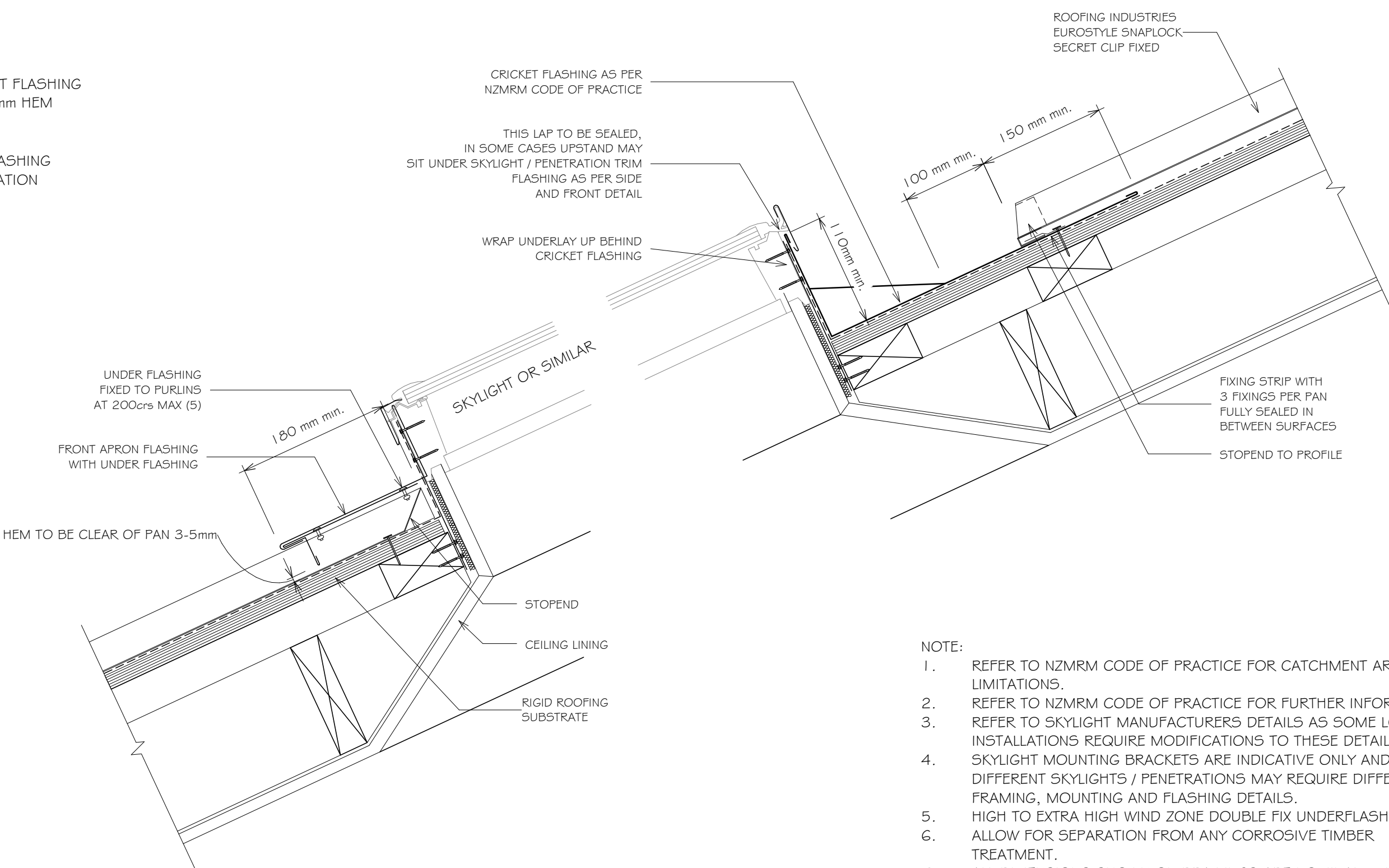
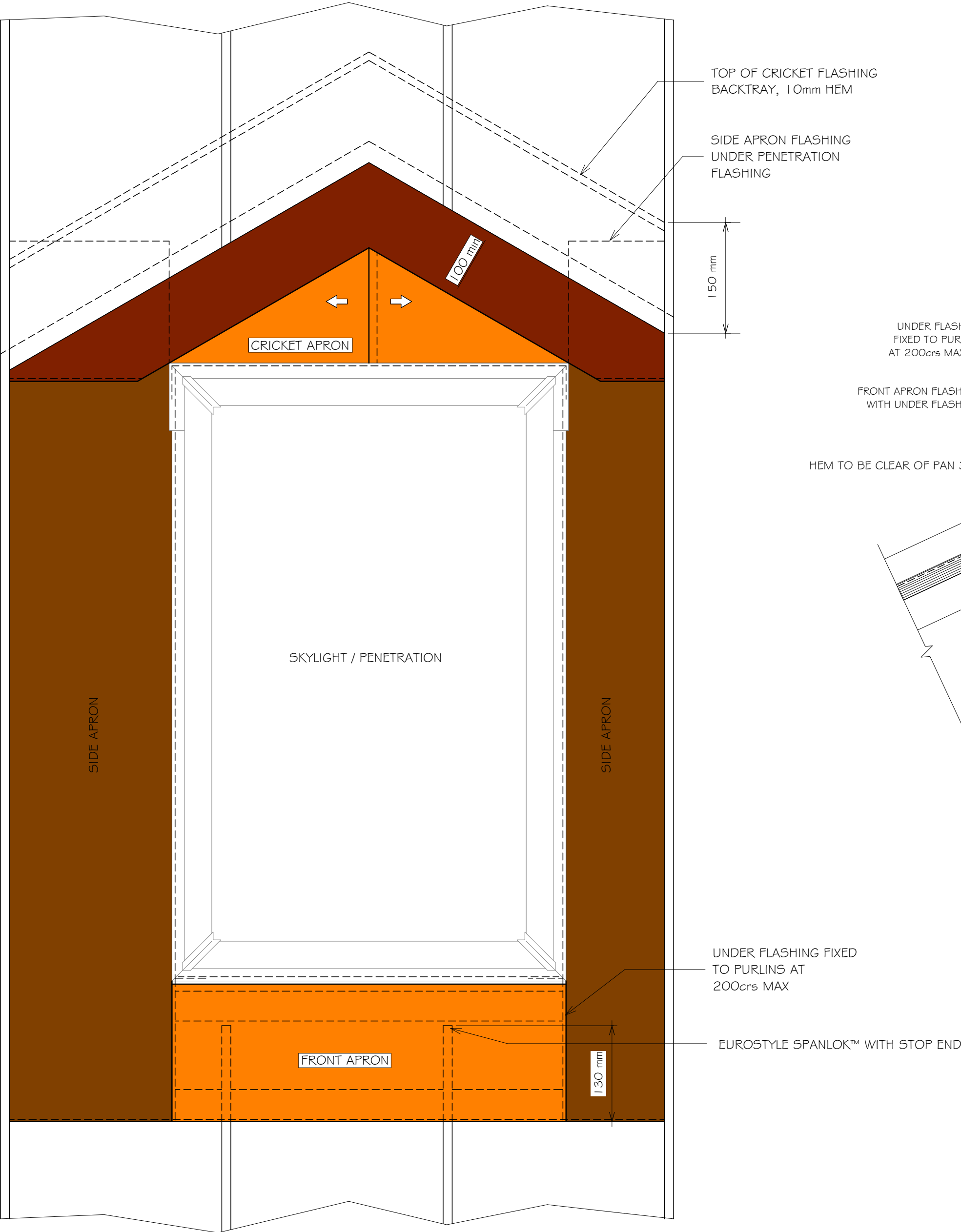


NOTES:

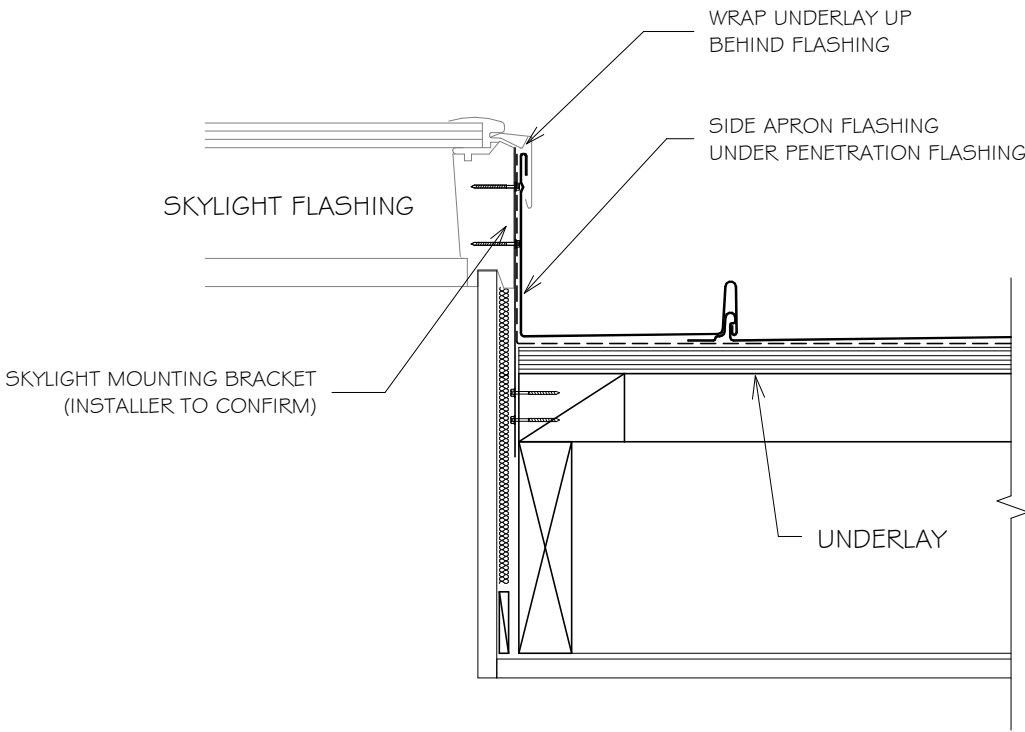
- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer. Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING
PENETRATION FLASHING DETAILS

Detail Number: RI-ESLR080A-1
Date drawn: 02/02/2018
Scale: 1 : 5@ A2



- NOTE:
1. REFER TO NZMRM CODE OF PRACTICE FOR CATCHMENT AREA LIMITATIONS.
 2. REFER TO NZMRM CODE OF PRACTICE FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.
 3. REFER TO SKYLIGHT MANUFACTURERS DETAILS AS SOME LOW PITCH INSTALLATIONS REQUIRE MODIFICATIONS TO THESE DETAILS.
 4. SKYLIGHT MOUNTING BRACKETS ARE INDICATIVE ONLY AND DIFFERENT SKYLIGHTS / PENETRATIONS MAY REQUIRE DIFFERENT FRAMING, MOUNTING AND FLASHING DETAILS.
 5. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
 6. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENT.
 7. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm



- NOTES:
- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
 - The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
 - Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
 - Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer. Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
 - These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
 - This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
 - These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
 - Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



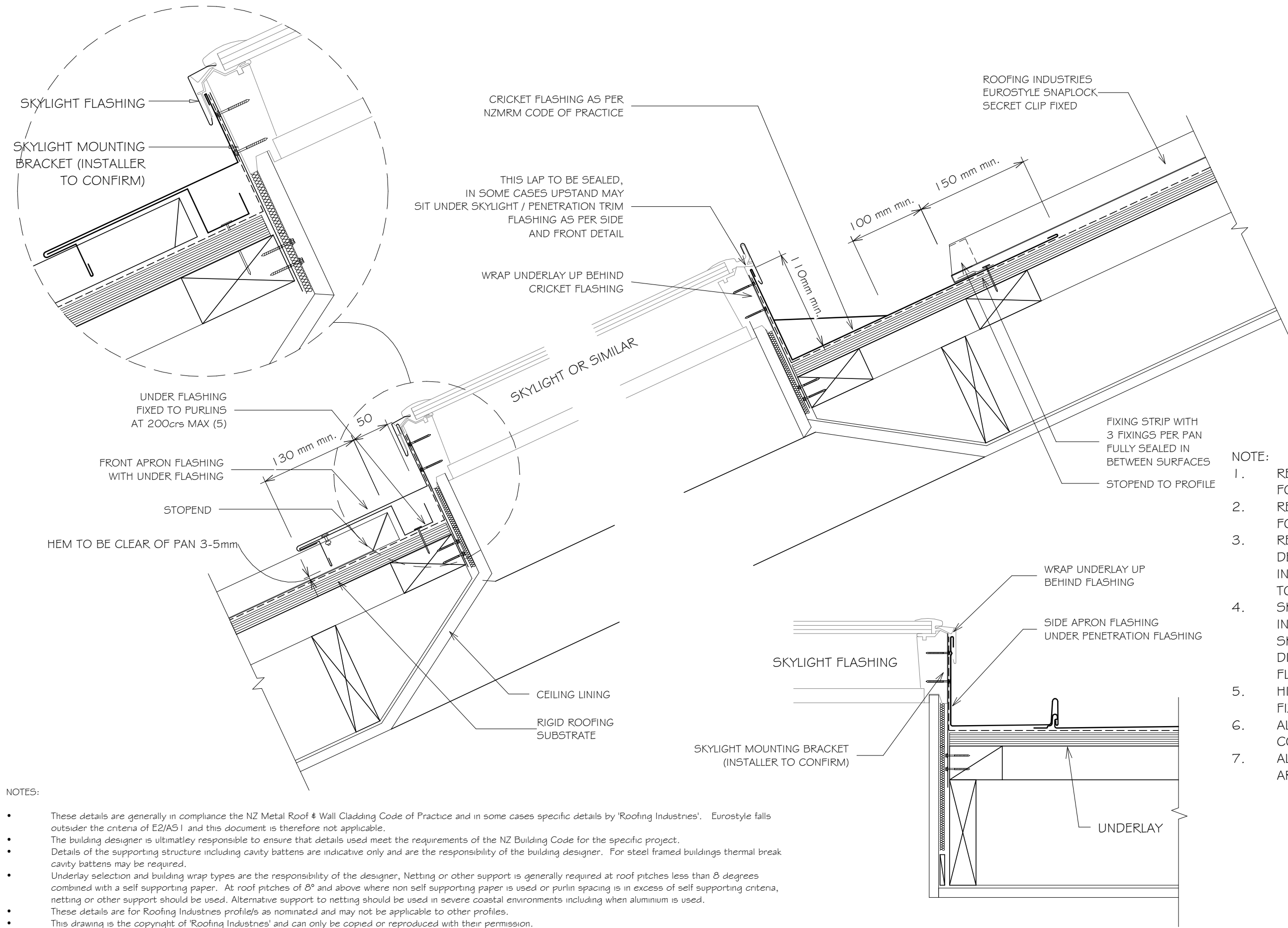
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK ROOFING

PENETRATION FLASHING CROSS SECTION

Detail Number: RI-ESLR081A

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A3



NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

NOTE:

1. REFER TO NZMRM CODE OF PRACTICE FOR CATCHMENT AREA LIMITATIONS.
2. REFER TO NZMRM CODE OF PRACTICE FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.
3. REFER TO SKYLIGHT MANUFACTURERS DETAILS AS SOME LOW PITCH INSTALLATIONS REQUIRE MODIFICATIONS TO THESE DETAILS.
4. SKYLIGHT MOUNTING BRACKETS ARE INDICATIVE ONLY AND DIFFERENT SKYLIGHTS / PENETRATIONS MAY REQUIRE DIFFERENT FRAMING, MOUNTING AND FLASHING DETAILS.
5. HIGH TO EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONE DOUBLE FIX UNDERFLASHINGS.
6. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENT.
7. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm

Copyright detail © 2017



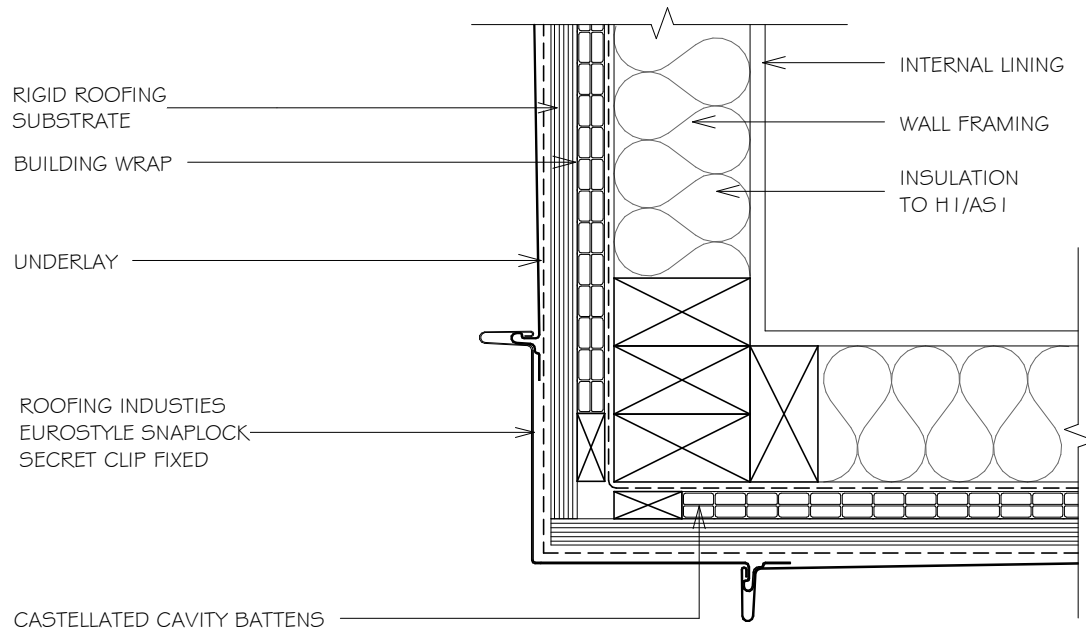
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING

WALL CLADDING EXTERNAL VERTICAL CORNER ON CAVITY

Detail Number: RI-ESLW003A-1

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

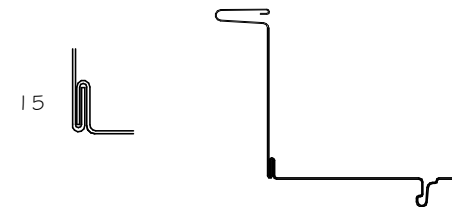
Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



NOTES:

1. TIMBER CONTAINING CORROSIVE TREATMENTS MUST BE SEPARATED FROM METAL CLADDING BY DPC, BUILDING WRAP, PVC OR PAINTING.
2. FOLD CORNERS, MAXIMUM HEIGHT 8m
3. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm
4. CASTELLATED TIMBER BATTEN OR APPROVED DRAINED BATTEN MAY BE USED WITH THIS SYSTEM.

TWO PIECE FLASHING OPTION



NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



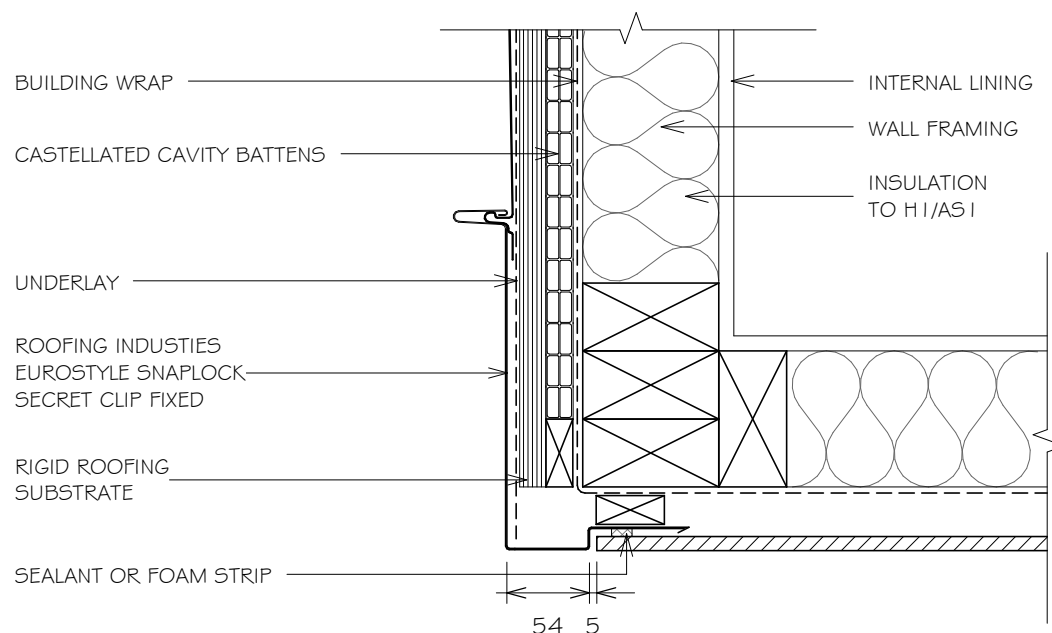
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING

WALL CLADDING EXTERNAL VERTICAL CORNER ON CAVITY WITH CLADDING CHANGE

Detail Number: RI-ESLW003B

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

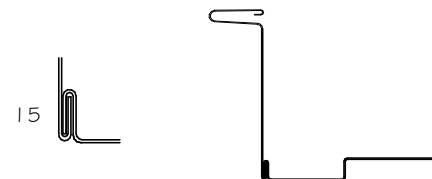
Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



NOTES:

1. TIMBER CONTAINING CORROSIVE TREATMENTS MUST BE SEPARATED FROM METAL CLADDING BY DPC, BUILDING WRAP, PVC OR PAINTING.
2. FOLD CORNERS, MAXIMUM HEIGHT 8m
3. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm
4. CASTELLATED TIMBER BATTEN OR APPROVED DRAINED BATTEN MAY BE USED WITH THIS SYSTEM.

TWO PIECE FLASHING OPTION



NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



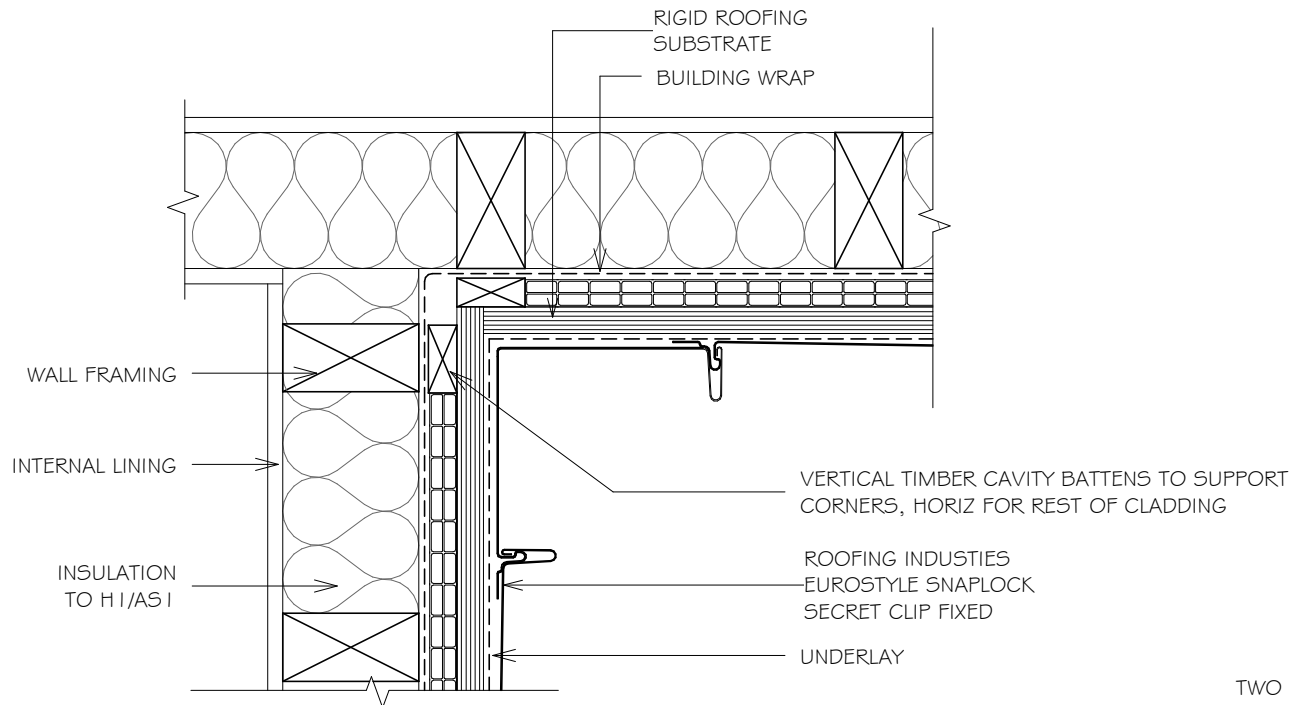
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING

WALL CLADDING INTERNAL VERTICAL CORNER ON CAVITY

Detail Number: RI-ESLW004A-1

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

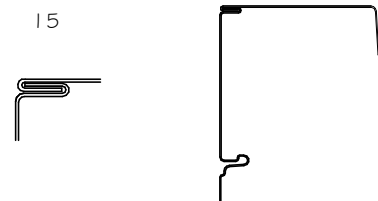
Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



NOTES:

1. TIMBER CONTAINING CORROSIVE TREATMENTS MUST BE SEPARATED FROM METAL CLADDING BY DPC, BUILDING WRAP, PVC OR PAINTING.
2. FOLD CORNERS, MAXIMUM HEIGHT 8m
3. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm
4. CASTELLATED TIMBER BATTEN OR APPROVED DRAINED BATTEN MAY BE USED WITH THIS SYSTEM.

TWO PIECE FLASHING OPTION



NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



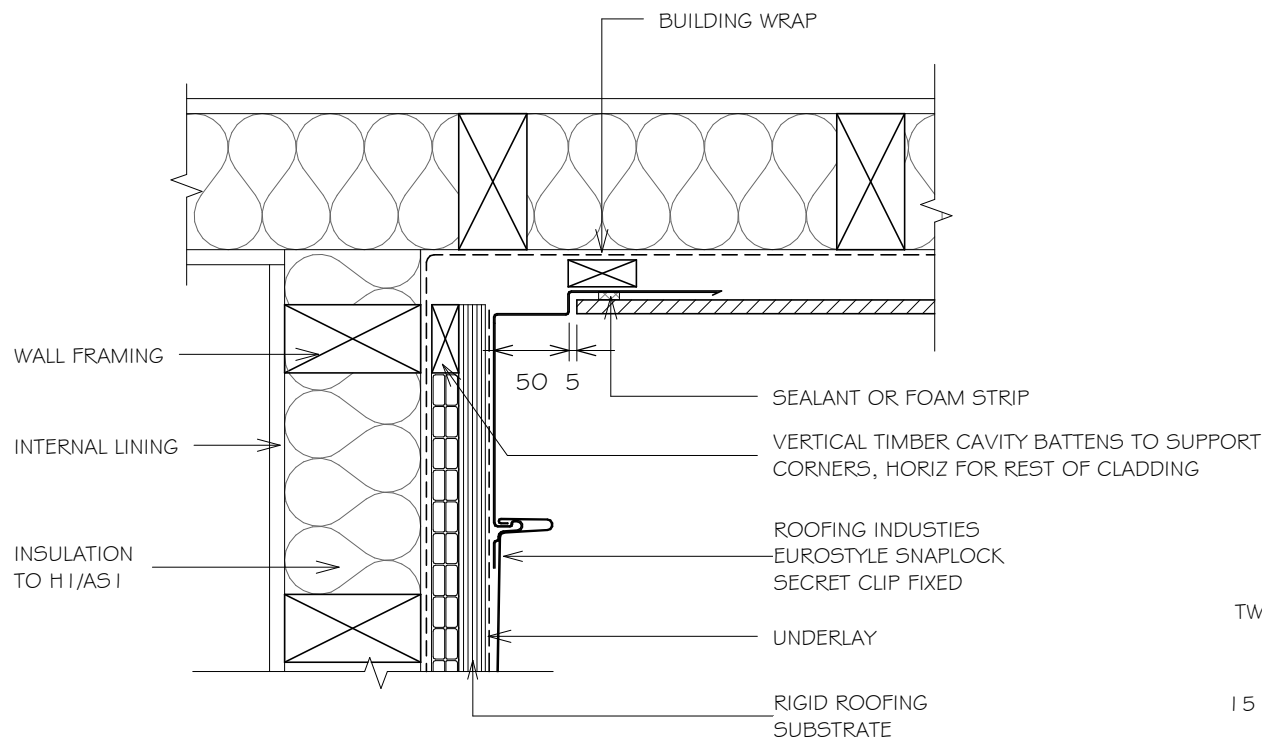
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING

WALL CLADDING INTERNAL VERTICAL CORNER ON CAVITY WITH CLADDING CHANGE

Detail Number: RI-ESLW004B

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

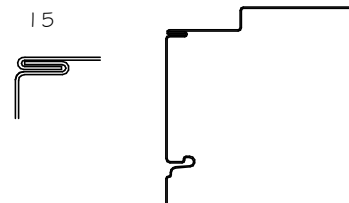
Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



NOTES:

1. TIMBER CONTAINING CORROSIVE TREATMENTS MUST BE SEPARATED FROM METAL CLADDING BY DPC, BUILDING WRAP, PVC OR PAINTING.
2. FOLD CORNERS, MAXIMUM HEIGHT 8m
3. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm
4. CASTELLATED TIMBER BATTEN OR APPROVED DRAINED BATTEN MAY BE USED WITH THIS SYSTEM.

TWO PIECE FLASHING OPTION



NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



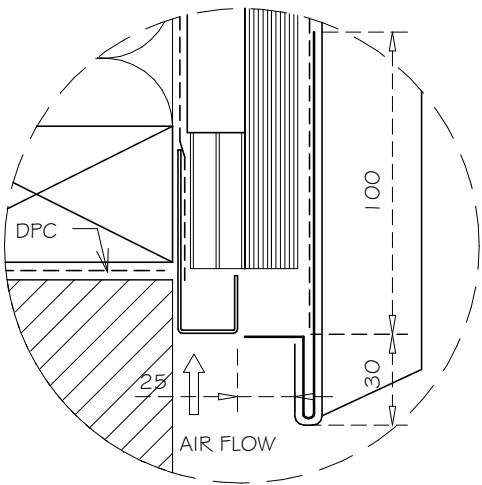
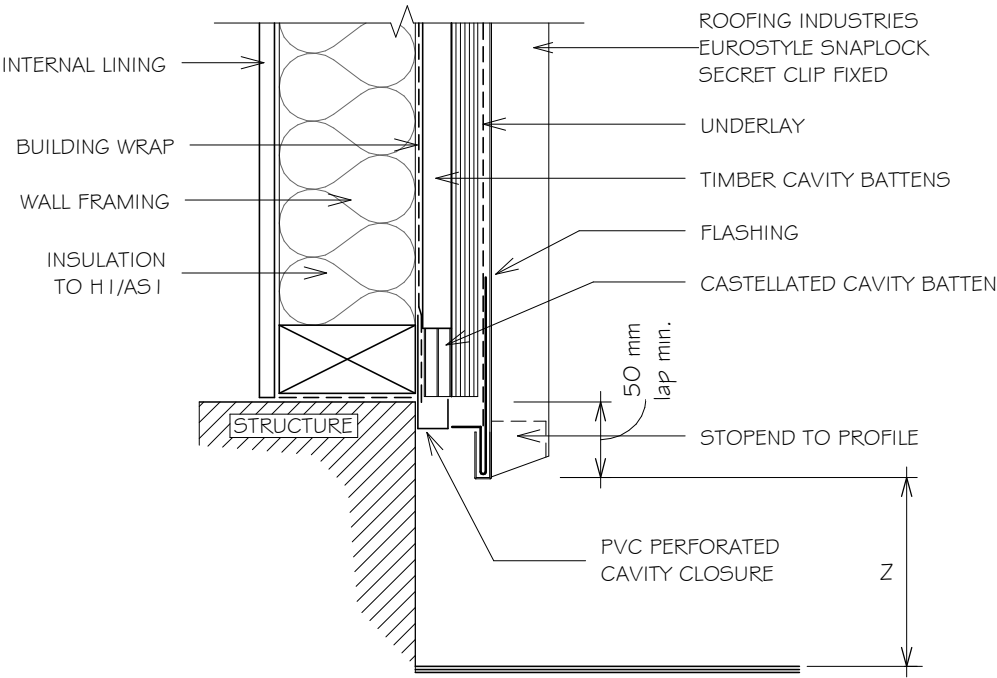
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING

WALL CLADDING BASE OF VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY

Detail Number: RI-ESLW005A

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



1. FOR FIXING METHODS REFER TO SPECIFICATIONS.
2. THIS DETAIL TO BE CONFIRMED BY ROOFING INDUSTRIES TECHNICAL DEPT PRIOR TO USE.
3. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENT.
4. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm
5. CASTELLATED TIMBER BATTEN OR APPROVED DRAINED BATTEN MAY BE USED WITH THIS SYSTEM.

SET DOWN	MINIMUM
	Z
PAVED SURFACE	100mm
UNPAVED SURFACE	175mm

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outsider the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

Copyright detail © 2017



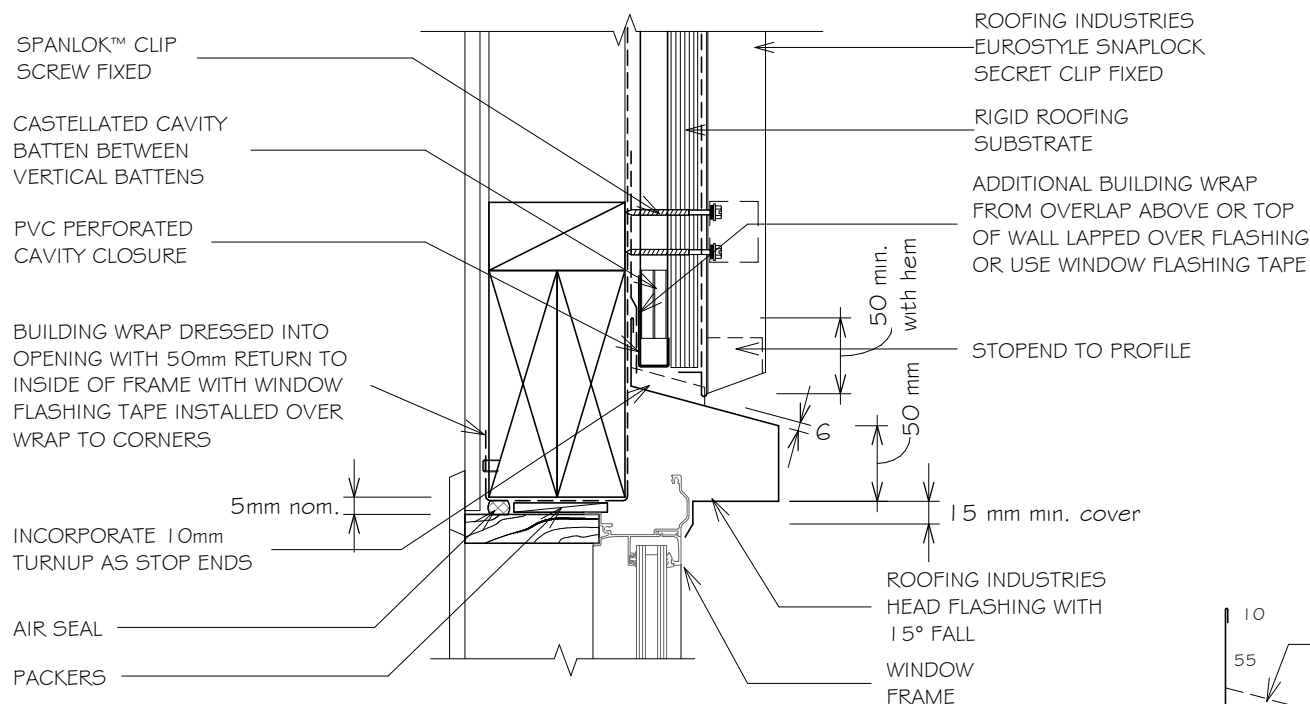
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING

WINDOW / DOOR HEAD FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY

Detail Number: RI-ESLWO12A

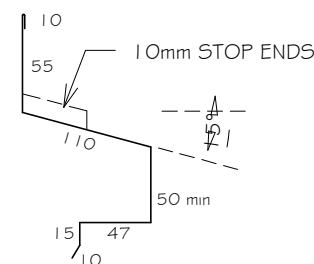
Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



GENERAL NOTES:

1. REFER TO E2/AS1 FOR GENERAL WINDOW OPENING FOR WRAPPING OF FRAMED OPENING PRIOR TO WINDOW INSTALLATION.
2. A MIN. OF 8mm EFFECTIVE COVER AT SILLS SHALL BE PERMITTED WHERE NECESSARY TO ALLOW FOR TOLERANCES.
3. WINDOW PROFILE TO BE SELECTED TO ACHIEVE COVER SHOWN IN DETAILS.
4. ARCHITRAVE'S ARE SHOWN FOR CONSISTENCY ONLY, DETAIL MAY BE USED WITH REBATED LINER.
5. LIAISE WITH WINDOW MANUFACTURER PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
6. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENT.
7. SEAL HEAD FLASHING TO WINDOW IN VERY HIGH & EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES.
8. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm
9. CASTELLATED TIMBER BATTEN OR APPROVED DRAINED BATTEN MAY BE USED WITH THIS SYSTEM.



REFERENCE FLASHINGS:
NZ METAL ROOF AND WALL
CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.
E2/AS1 OR REFER MANUF DETAILING.
DIMENSIONS ARE INDICATIVE ONLY

Copyright detail © 2017

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.



EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING WINDOW / DOOR JAMB FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY

Detail Number: RI-ESLW012B

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4

BUILDING WRAP DRESSED INTO
OPENING WITH 50mm RETURN TO
INSIDE OF FRAME WITH WINDOW
FLASHING TAPE INSTALLED OVER
WRAP TO CORNERS

SEPARATION OF METAL
CLADDING & TIMBER BATTEN

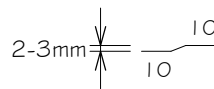
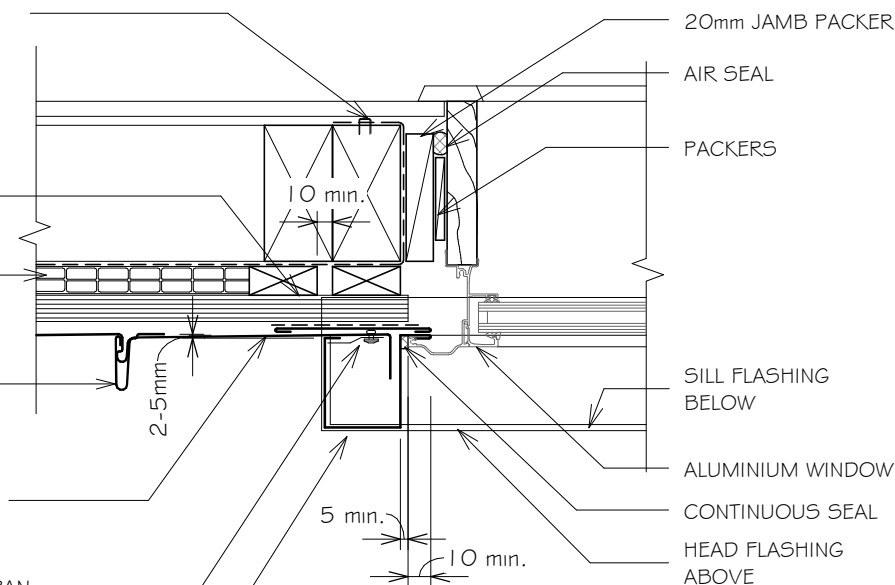
CASTELLATED CAVITY
BATTEN BETWEEN
VERTICAL BATTENS

ROOFING INDUSTRIES
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK
SECRET CLIP FIXED

ROOFING INDUSTRIES BACK
TRAY* FLASHING RUN FROM
TOP OF HEAD FLASHING TO
GROUND OR EXIT POINT

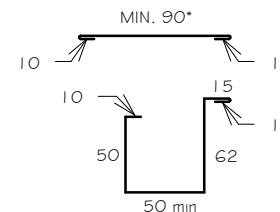
GRAB FLASHING RIVET FIXED TO PAN

ROOFING INDUSTRIES JAMB
FLASHING WITH 10mm FOLD
BEHIND GRAB FLASHING



GENERAL NOTES:

1. REFER TO E2/AS 1 FOR GENERAL WINDOW OPENING FOR WRAPPING OF FRAMED OPENING PRIOR TO WINDOW INSTALLATION.
2. A MIN. OF 8mm EFFECTIVE COVER AT SILLS SHALL BE PERMITTED WHERE NECESSARY TO ALLOW FOR TOLERANCES.
3. WINDOW PROFILE TO BE SELECTED TO ACHIEVE COVER SHOWN IN DETAILS.
4. ARCHITRAVE'S ARE SHOWN FOR CONSISTENCY ONLY, DETAIL MAY BE USED WITH REBATED LINER.
5. LIAISE WITH WINDOW MANUFACTURER PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
6. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENT.
7. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL +/- 5mm
8. CASTELLATED TIMBER BATTEN OR APPROVED DRAINED BATTEN MAY BE USED WITH THIS SYSTEM.



REFERENCE FLASHINGS:
NZ METAL ROOF AND WALL
CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.
E2/AS 1 OR REFER MANUF DETAILING.
DIMENSIONS ARE INDICATIVE ONLY

- * Back tray size may require to increase to ensure coverage at ends of head flashings. Back Tray to run from top of head flashing to ground or exit point.
- * (Dimensions are indicative only)
- * Turn down end of head flashing

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS 1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS 1.

Copyright detail © 2017



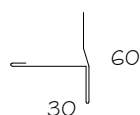
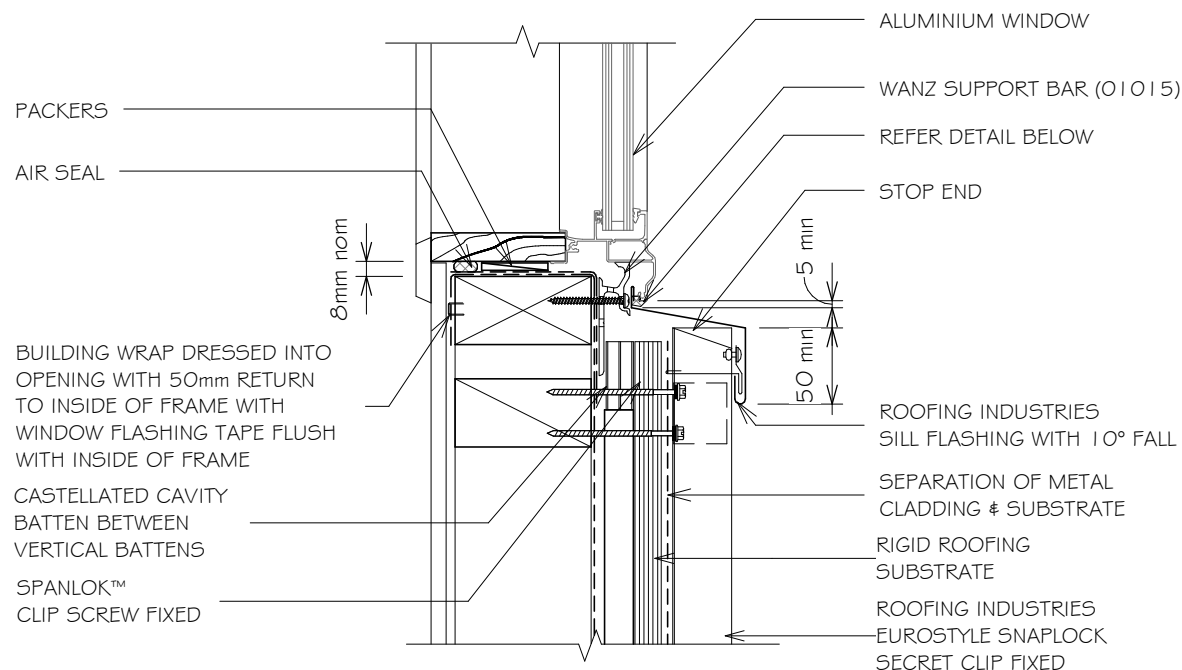
EUROSTYLE SNAPLOCK WALL CLADDING

WINDOW / DOOR SILL FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY

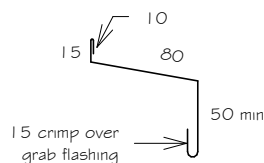
Detail Number: RI-ESLW012C

Date drawn: 02/02/2018

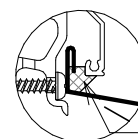
Scale: 1 : 5@ A4



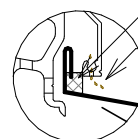
Hem to be clear of pan 3-5mm



Sill flashings stop ended to receive jamb flashings
(Dimensions are indicative only & show minimum lap covers)



Continuous seal



Continuous seal
Keep drainage passage clear

NOTE:
Sill sealing method for flange end type drainage systems

GENERAL NOTES:

1. REFER TO E2/AS1 FOR GENERAL WINDOW OPENING FOR WRAPPING OF FRAMED OPENING PRIOR TO WINDOW INSTALLATION.
2. A MIN. OF 8mm EFFECTIVE COVER AT SILLS SHALL BE PERMITTED WHERE NECESSARY TO ALLOW FOR TOLERANCES.
3. WINDOW PROFILE TO BE SELECTED TO ACHIEVE COVER SHOWN IN DETAILS.
4. ARCHITRAVE'S ARE SHOWN FOR CONSISTENCY ONLY, DETAIL MAY BE USED WITH REBATED LINER.
5. WHERE SUPPORT BRACKETS ARE REQUIRED BY THE WINDOW MANUFACTURER TO CARRY THE FRAME AND GLAZING LOADS THEY MUST BE SUPPLIED AS AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE WINDOW MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
6. LIAISE WITH WINDOW MANUFACTURER PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
7. ALLOW FOR SEPARATION FROM ANY CORROSIVE TIMBER TREATMENT.
8. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE NOMINAL ± 5 mm
9. CASTELLATED TIMBER BATTEN OR APPROVED DRAINED BATTEN MAY BE USED WITH THIS SYSTEM.

REFERENCE FLASHINGS:
NZ METAL ROOF AND WALL CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE. E2/AS1 OR REFER MANUF DETAILING.
DIMENSIONS ARE INDICATIVE ONLY

Copyright detail © 2017

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'. Eurostyle falls outside the criteria of E2/AS1 and this document is therefore not applicable.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

