### RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE SHEET LIST

Residential Corrugate Sheet List

Residential Corrugate Sheet List

Sheet Number	Туре	Sheet Name
	RUE OAK® CORRUGATE	
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE SHEET LIST
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE	ROFILES & ACCESSORIES
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE RUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	PROFILE SUMMARY - TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	TYPICAL TRUSS ROOF
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	TYPICAL RAFTER / SLOPING CEILING ROOF
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	TYPICAL EXPOSED RAFTER ROOF
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	BARGE DETAIL (KICK OUT)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	BARGE DETAIL (NOR OUT)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	HEAD BARGE DETAIL (KICK OUT)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	HEAD BARGE DETAIL (RICK GOT)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	CHANGE IN PITCH
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	GUTTER APRON
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	RIDGE AND HIP FLASHING (ROLL TOP)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	RIDGE AND HIP FLASHING (SQUARE TOP)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	VALLEY DETAIL (E2/AS1 COMPLIANCE)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	VALLEY DETAIL (NZ METAL ROOF & WALL CLADDING (CODE OF PRACTICE COMPLIANCE)
RI-RTCR007A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	INTERNAL GUTTER
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	FIXINGS AND SHEET LAP
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	RIDGE - HIP FLASHING DETAIL
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (NON CAVITY)
RI-RTCR010B	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (CAVITY)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (HORIZ CORRUGATE ON CAVITY)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	PARALLEL APRON 2 PIECE FLASHING (CAVITY)
RI-RTCR011A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	APRON FLASHING (NON CAVITY)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	APRON FLASHING (CAVITY)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	APRON FLASHING (HORIZ CORRUGATE ON CAVITY)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	APRON 2 PIECE FLASHING (CAVITY) PARALLEL HIDDEN OR OBTUSE GUTTER (NON CAVITY)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	PARALLEL HIDDEN OR OBTUSE GUTTER (CAVITY)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	PARALLEL HIDDEN OR OBTUSE 2 PIECE GUTTER (CAVITY)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	MANSARD / EXTERNAL CHANGE IN PITCH FLASHING
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	EPDM FLASHING FOR UP TO 85mm DIA PIPE
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	UNDER RIDGE / APRON SOAKER FLASHING FOR PIPE / CHIMNEY PENETRATION UP TO 500mm DIA.
RI-RTCR015B	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	SOAKER FLASHING FOR PIPE / CHIMNEY PENETRATION (85-500mm DIA, MID ROOF)
RI-RTCR016A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	UNDER RIDGE / APRON CHIMNEY FLASHING
RI-RTCR016B	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	CHIMNEY FLASHING, MID ROOF
RI-RTCR016C	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	CHIMNEY FLASHING, MID ROOF
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	RIDGE / BARGE JUNCTION
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	INTERNAL BARGE FLASHING
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	PARALLEL APRON DIVERTER JUNCTION
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	RAKING INTERNAL GUTTER
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	ROOFING INDUSTRIES GUTTER OPTIONS QUARTER & 1/2 ROUND FOR TIMBER FASCIA
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING	ROOFING INDUSTRIES GUTTER OPTIONS 125 BOX GUTTER & OLD GOTHIC FOR TIMBER FASCIA
	RUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	BARGE DETAIL FOR VERTICAL CLADDING (KICK OUT)
1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	BARGE DETAIL FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY (KICK OUT)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	BARGE DETAIL FOR VERTICAL CLADDING (BIRDS BEAK)
RI-RTCW001B- 1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	BARGE DETAIL FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY (BIRDS BEAK)
RI-RTCW002A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	HEAD BARGE FOR VERTICAL CLADDING (KICK OUT)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	HEAD BARGE FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY ON CAVITY (KICK OUT)
RI-RTCW002B	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	HEAD BARGE FOR VERTICAL CLADDING (BIRDS BEAK)
RI-RTCW002B-	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	HEAD BARGE FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY (BIRDS BEAK)
RI-RTCW003A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	STANDARD EXTERNAL CORNER FOR VERTICAL CLADDING
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	STANDARD EXTERNAL CORNER FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY
RI-RTCW003B	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	EXTERNAL CORNER FOR VERTICAL CLADDING WITH CLADDING CHANGE
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	EXTERNAL CORNER FOR VERTICAL CLADDING WITH CLADDING CHANGE EXTERNAL CORNER FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY WITH CLADDING CHANGE
1		
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	STANDARD INTERNAL CORNER FOR VERTICAL CLADDING STANDARD INTERNAL CORNER FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY
		I .
1 RI-RTCW004B	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	INTERNAL CORNER FOR VERTICAL CLADDING WITH CLADDING CHANGE
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	INTERNAL CORNER FOR VERTICAL CLADDING WITH CLADDING CHANGE INTERNAL CORNER FOR VERTICAL CLADDING WITH CLADDING CHANGE

Sheet Number	Type	Sheet Name
RI-RTCW005A- 1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	BOTTOM OF CLADDING FOR VERTICAL CORRUGATED ON CAVITY
RI-RTCW006A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	SOFFIT FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CORRUGATED
RI-RTCW006A- 1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	SOFFIT FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CORRUGATED ON CAVITY
RI-RTCW007A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	SLOPING SOFFIT FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CORRUGATED
RI-RTCW007A-	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	SLOPING SOFFIT FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CORRUGATED ON CAVITY
RI-RTCW009A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	VERTICAL BUTT JOINT - VERTICAL CLADDING WITH CLADDING CHANGE (DIRECT FIXED)
RI-RTCW009A- 1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	VERTICAL BUTT JOINT - VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY WITH CLADDING CHANGE (DIRECT FIXED)
RI-RTCW009B	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	VERTICAL BUTT JOINT - VERTICAL CLADDING WITH CLADDING CHANGE (CAVITY)
RI-RTCW009B- 1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	VERTICAL BUTT JOINT - VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY WITH CLADDING CHANGE (CAVITY)
RI-RTCW010A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	VERTICAL CLADDING JUNCTION FLASHING
RI-RTCW010A- 1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY JUNCTION FLASHING
RI-RTCW011A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	BALUSTRADE FOR VERTICAL CLADDING
RI-RTCW011A- 1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	BALUSTRADE FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY
RI-RTCW012A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	HEAD FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING (RECESSED WINDOW/DOOR)
RI-RTCW012A- 1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	HEAD FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY (RECESSED WINDOW/DOOR)
RI-RTCW012B	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	JAMB FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING. (RECESSED WINDOW/DOOR)
RI-RTCW012B- 1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	JAMB FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY. (RECESSED WINDOW/DOOR)
RI-RTCW012C	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	SILL FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING. (RECESSED WINDOW/DOOR)
RI-RTCW012C- 1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	SILL FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY. (RECESSED WINDOW/DOOR)
RI-RTCW015A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	METER BOX HEAD FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING
RI-RTCW015A- 1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	METER BOX HEAD FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY
RI-RTCW016A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	METER BOX SIDE FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING
RI-RTCW016A- 1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	METER BOX SIDE FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY
RI-RTCW017A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	METER BOX BASE FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING
RI-RTCW017A- 1	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	METER BOX BASE FLASHING FOR VERTICAL CLADDING ON CAVITY
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	BARGE DETAIL FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING (KICK OUT)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	BARGE DETAIL FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING (BIRDS BEAK)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	EXTERNAL CORNER FLASHING FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	ALTERNATIVE EXTERNAL CORNER FLASHING FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	INTERNAL CORNER FLASHING FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	ALTERNATIVE INTERNAL CORNER FLASHING FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	BOTTOM OF CLADDING FOR HORIZONTAL CORRUGATED
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	SOFFIT FLASHING FOR HORIZONTAL CORRUGATED
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	SLOPING SOFFIT FLASHING FOR HORIZONTAL CORRUGATED
RI-RTCW028A RI-RTCW028B	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	VERTICAL BUTT JOINT FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	VERTICAL BUTT JOINT FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING, OPT 2 VERTICAL BUTT JOINT FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING TO ALTERNATIVE CLADDING (UP TO 25MM)
RI-RTCW030A	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	HORIZONTAL CLADDING JUNCTION FLASHING
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	BALUSTRADE FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	HEAD FLASHING FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING (RECESSED WINDOW/DOOR)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	JAMB FLASHING FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING (RECESSED WINDOW/DOOR)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	SILL FLASHING FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING (RECESSED WINDOW/DOOR)
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	METER BOX HEAD FLASHING FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	METER BOX SIDE FLASHING FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING
	RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE WALL CLADDING	METER BOX SIDE FLASHING FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING  METER BOX BASE FLASHING FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING
		Consume white detail C 2020



Detail Number: RI-RTCOOOA Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: @ A4



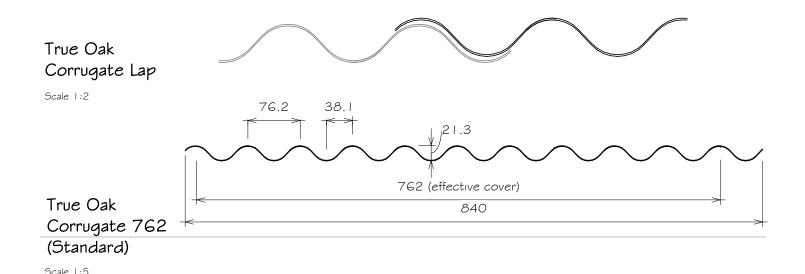
### RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE Detail Number: RI-RTCOOOB Date drawn: 07/07/2020 ROFILES & ACCESSORIES Scale: 1:5@ A4 ROOFING INDUSTRIES 'TRUE OAK' CORRUGATE ROOFING INDUSTRIES BARGE/PARAPET CAPPING ROOFING INDUSTRIES CHANGE IN PITCH FLASHING ROOFING INDUSTRIES BARGE FLASHING ROOFING INDUSTRIES 'TRUE OAK' CORRUGATE ROOFING INDUSTRIES RIDGE FLASHINGROOFING INDUSTRIES APRON FLASHINGHEAD FLASHING ROOFING INDUSTRIES COVER FLASHINGOOFING INDUSTRIES SOFFIT FLASHING ROOFING INDUSTRIES METER BOX BASE FLASHROOFING INDUSTRIES CLADDING CHANGE/JAMB FLASHING ALTERNATE JAMB FLASHING SILL FLASHING JAMB FLASHING HEAD FLASHING CAVITY CLOSER METAL ANGLE $ROOFING\ INDUSTRIES\ CORNER\ FLASHING COFING\ INDUSTRIES\ INTERNAL\ CORNER ROOFING\ INDUSTRIES\ EXTERNAL\ CORNER\ FLASHING$ ROOFING INDUSTRIES CLADDING BASE FLASHING Copyright detail © 2020

## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE PROFILE SUMMARY - TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE

Detail Number: RI-RTCOOOC

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: As indicated@ A4



#### Minimum Pitch

The minimum roof pitch for True Oak Corrugate is 4 degrees and if end lapped 10 degrees.

When a combination of sheets provide a run of in excess of 40 metres and up to 60 metres the roof pitch should be increased by I degree. Longer lengths require specific design.

When rainfall intensity exceeds 100mm/hour the minimum pitches need to be increased by a further 1 degree for every 10 metres of run over 40 metres

The building design pitch may need to be higher to take into account any cumulative deflections of the frame, purlin and roof sheeting or penetrations.

For curved roofing the roof cladding must not terminate at a pitch lower than permitted above.

Side laps of curved sheets must be sealed to any areas below the minimum pitches permitted above.

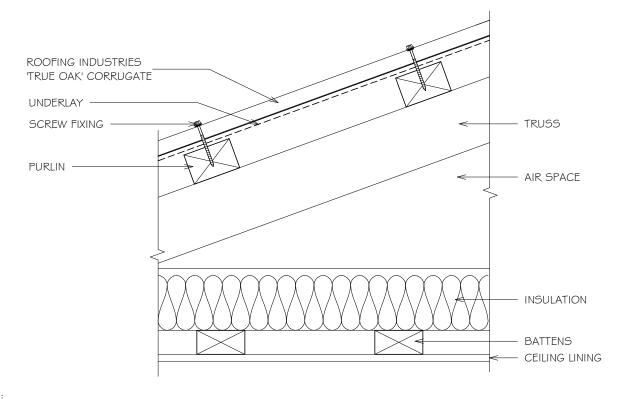




## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING TYPICAL TRUSS ROOF

Detail Number: RI-RTCROOOA Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



#### NOTE:

I. MINIMUM PITCH 4° (10° IF END LAPPED)

#### NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity batters are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity batters may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non-self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/ASI.

  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.

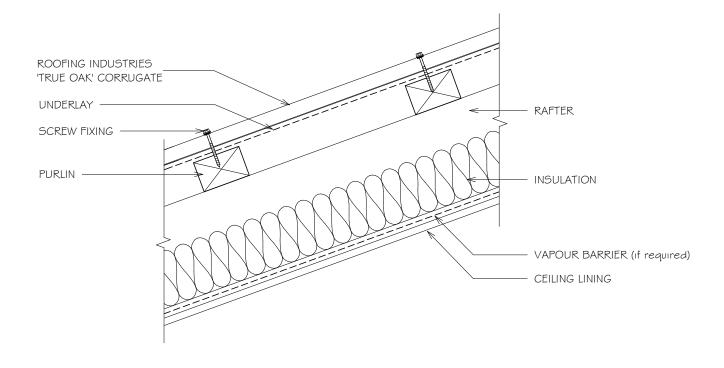


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING TYPICAL RAFTER / SLOPING CEILING ROOF

Detail Number: RI-RTCROOOB

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity batters are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity batters may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non-self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
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- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/A51.

  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.



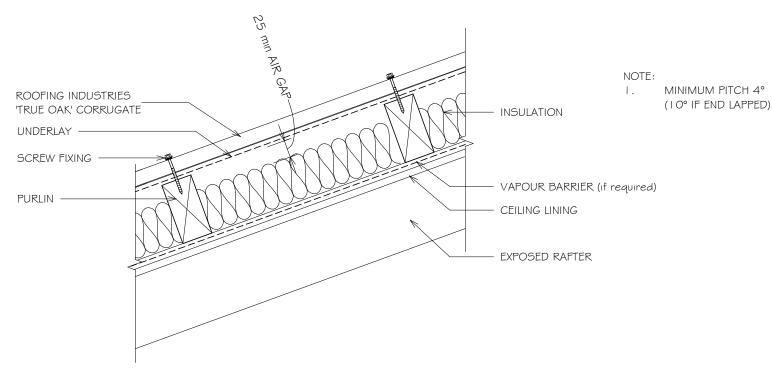


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING TYPICAL EXPOSED RAFTER ROOF

Detail Number: RI-RTCROOOC

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non-self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
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- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS I.

  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.



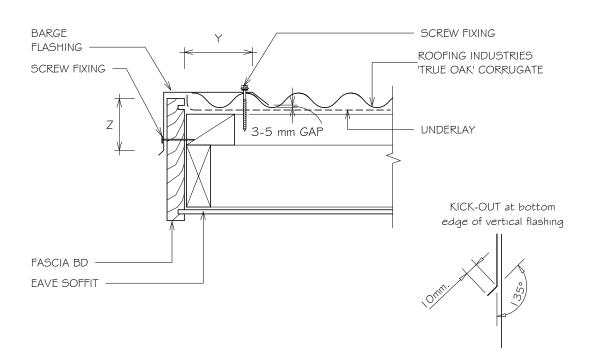


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING BARGE DETAIL (KICK OUT)

Detail Number: RI-RTCR001A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



SITE WIND ZO	N	IINI	Μl	JM	
(As per NZS3604)		Z	5)		Υ
SITUATION I	(1)	50mm	(4)	2	crests
SITUATION 2	(2)	75mm	(4)	3	Ш
SITUATION 3	(3)	90mm	(4)	3	П

#### NOTES:

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
- SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSER WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
- 3. SITUATION 3: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN EXTRA HIGH HIGH ZONES.
- EXCLUDING DRIP EDGE.
- 5. INCREASE DISTANCE 'Z' BY 25mm WHEN AGAINST A PROFILED SURFACE OR TO 1 00mm WHICHEVER IS THE LESSER.

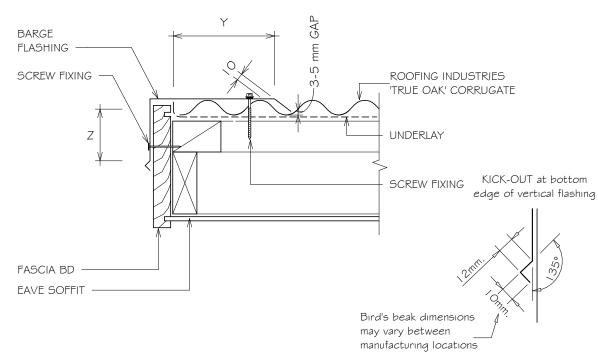
- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non-self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
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- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.





## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING BARGE DETAIL (BIRDS BEAK)



#### NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity batters are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity batters may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non-self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS I.

  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.

Detail Number: RI-RTCR001B

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4

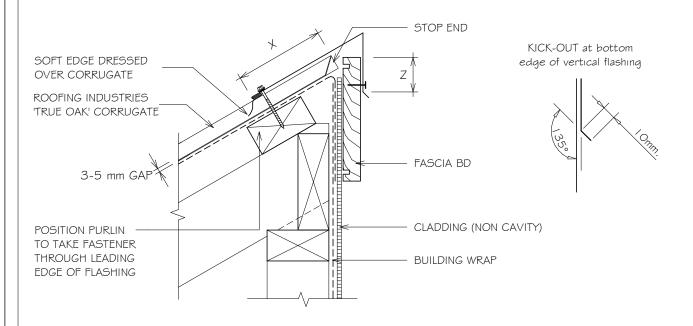
SITE WIND ZOI	$\wedge$	/INI	М	UM	
(As per NZ53604)	Z	5)		Y	
SITUATION I	(1)	50mm	(4)	2	crests
SITUATION 2	(2)	75mm	(4)	3	П
SITUATION 3	(3)	90mm	(4)	3	II

#### NOTES:

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES
  IN VERY HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL
  LESSER WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF
  PITCH IS LESS THAN IO°.
- 3. SITUATION 3: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN EXTRA HIGH HIGH ZONES.
- 4. EXCLUDING DRIP EDGE.
- 5. INCREASE DISTANCE 'Z' BY 25mm WHEN AGAINST A PROFILED SURFACE OR TO I OOmm WHICHEVER IS THE LESSER.



## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING HEAD BARGE DETAIL (KICK OUT)



#### NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
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- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non-self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.

Detail Number: RI-RTCR002A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1 : 5@ A4

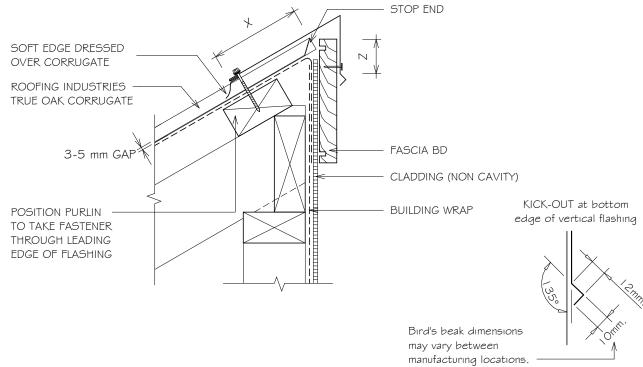
SITE WIND ZON	MINIMUM				
(As per NZS3604)	$Z^{-(1)}$	5)	X		
SITUATION I (	1)	50mm	(4)	I 50mm	(6)
SITUATION 2 (	2)	75mm	(4)	200mm	(6)
SITUATION 3 (	3)	90mm	(4)	200mm	(6)

#### NOTES:

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER
- SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSER WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
- 3. SITUATION 3: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN EXTRA HIGH HIGH ZONES.
- EXCLUDING DRIP EDGE.
- 5. INCREASE DISTANCE 'Z' BY 25mm WHEN AGAINST A PROFILED SURFACE OR TO I OOmm WHICHEVER IS THE LESSER.
- EXCLUDING ANY SOFT EDGE OR TURN-DOWN TO ROOFING.



## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING HEAD BARGE DETAIL (BIRDS BEAK)



#### NOTES:

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   Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.

Detail Number: RI-RTCR002B

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4

SITE WIND ZO	MINIMUM				
(As per NZS3604	Z (	5)	X		
SITUATION I	(1)	50mm	(4)	I 50mm	(6)
SITUATION 2	(2)	75mm	(4)	200mm	(6)
SITUATION 3	(3)	90mm	(4)	200mm	(6)

#### NOTES:

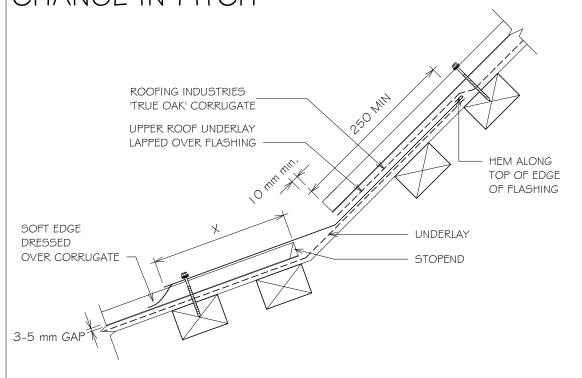
- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSER WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
- 3. SITUATION 3: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN EXTRA HIGH HIGH ZONES.
- 4 FXCLUDING DRIP FDGF
- 5. INCREASE DISTANCE 'Z' BY 25mm WHEN AGAINST A PROFILED SURFACE OR TO I OOmm WHICHEVER IS THE LESSER.
- EXCLUDING ANY SOFT EDGE OR TURN-DOWN TO ROOFING.



RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING CHANGE IN PITCH

Detail Number: RI-RTCR003A Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE	MIN mm	(X)
(As per NZS3604)	UPPER LAP UNDER ROOFING	TRANSVERSE FLASHING OVER ROOFING
SITUATION I (2)	250 (1)	150 (5)
SITUATION 2 (3)	250 (1)	200 (5)
SITUATION 3 (4)	((	<u>(</u>

#### NOTES:

- I. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIMENSIONED IN DETAILS
- SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
- 3. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH WIND ONES, FOR ALL LESSOR WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH LESS THAN 10°.
- 4. SITUATION 3: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES
- EXCLUDING ANY SOFT EDGE OR TURN-DOWN TO ROOFING.
- 6. NOT PERMITTED UNDER E2/AS I, REFER NZ METAL ROOF \$ WALL CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.

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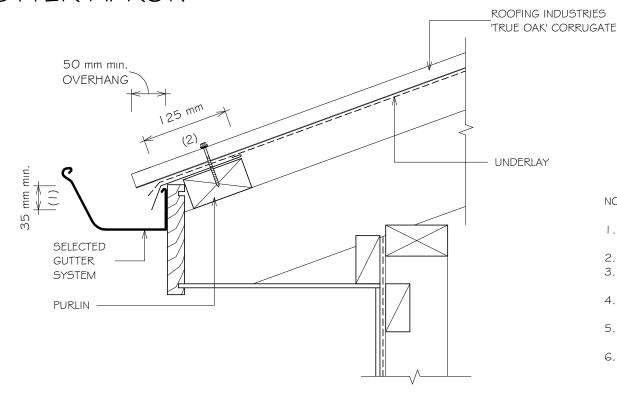




## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING GUTTER APRON

Detail Number: RI-RTCR004A Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



#### NOTES:

- REQUIRED TO ALL ROOFS UNDER 10° WHERE ALL OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS No. 2-4 ARE MET.
- 2. ROOFS UNDER 10° PITCH.
- 3. WHERE EAVES OVERHANG IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO I OOmm.
- 4. WHERE WIND ZONES ARE VERY HIGH OR EXTRA
- 5. ALSO RECOMMENDED IN VERY CORROSIVE ENVIRONMENTS AND WHEN SPOUTING IS LOW
- G. DESIGNER MAY ALSO CHOOSE TO INCLUDE OPTIONALLY.

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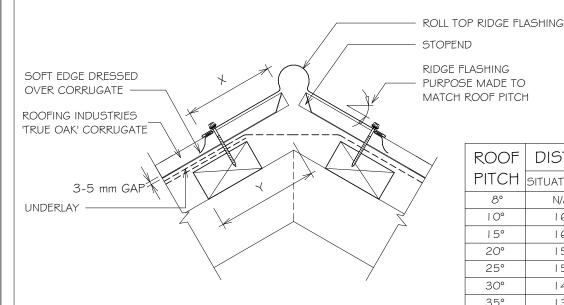


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING RIDGE AND HIP FLASHING (ROLL TOP)

Detail Number: RI-RTCR005A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



ROOF	DISTANCE Y mm				
PITCH	SITUATION I	SITUATION 2			
8°	N/A	218			
10°	167	217			
15°	162	212			
20°	156	206			
25°	150	200			
30°	143	193			
35°	134	184			
40°	125	175			
45°	115	165			

FOR STANDARD 50mm PURLINS ON FLAT

SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM mm (X)
(As per NZS3604)	TRANSVERSE FLASHING OVER ROOFING
SITUATION I (1)	130 (3)
SITUATION 2 (2)	200 (3)

#### NOTES:

- SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH AND EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH LESS THAN 10°.
- EXCLUDING ANY SOFT EDGE OR TURN-DOWN TO ROOFING.

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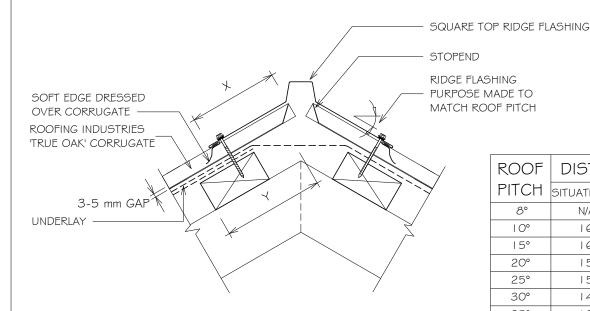




## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING RIDGE AND HIP FLASHING (SQUARE TOP)

Detail Number: RI-RTCR005B Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



ROOF	DISTANCE Y mm				
PITCH	SITUATION I	SITUATION 2			
8°	N/A	218			
10°	167	217			
15°	162	212			
20°	156	206			
25°	150	200			
30°	143	193			
35°	134	184			
40°	125	175			
45°	115	165			

FOR STANDARD 50mm PURLINS ON FLAT

SITE WIND ZC	MINIMUM	mm (	(X)	
(As per NZS3604)		TRANSVERSE FLASHING OVER ROOFING		è
SITUATION I	(1)	130	(3)	
SITUATION 2	(2)	200	(3)	

#### NOTES:

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH AND EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH LESS THAN 10°.
- 3. EXCLUDING ANY SOFT EDGE OR TURN-DOWN TO ROOFING.

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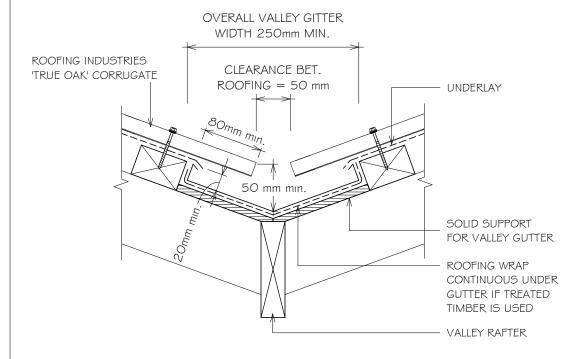


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING VALLEY DETAIL (E2/AS I COMPLIANCE)

Detail Number: RI-RTCR006A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



	MAXIMUM	MIN ROOF
WIDTH	CATCHMENT AREA	PITCH (4)
250mm	25m2	8°
160mm	I Gm2	12.5°

#### NOTES:

- I. GUTTERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEW ZEALAND
  BUILDING CODE
- RAINFALL INTENSITY WITH AVERAGE RECURRENCE INTERVAL (ARI) NO GREATER THAN 200 mm PER HOUR
- 3. MINIMUM WIDTH OF VALLEY GUTTER MAY REDUCE TO I 60mm, PROVIDING ROOF CATCHMENT AREA IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TABLE ABOVE. IN THIS CASE, COVER OF ROOF CLADDING OVER GUTTER SHALL BE REDUCED TO 60 mm TO PROVIDE A CLEARANCE GAP OF 40mm.
- 4. FOR ROOF PITCHES 8° OR GREATER, FOR LESSOR PITCHES USE INTERNAL GUTTER.

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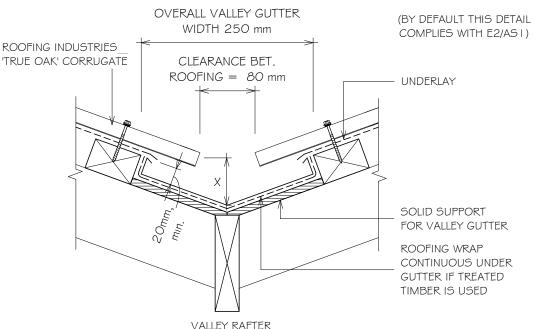


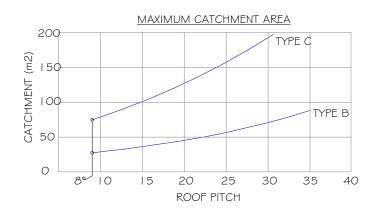
# RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING VALLEY DETAIL (NZ METAL ROOF \$ WALL CLADDING (CODE OF PRACTICE COMPLIANCE)

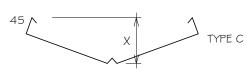
Detail Number: RI-RTCR006B

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4







VALLEY DEPTH			
ROOF PITCH	TYPE C		
8-12°	75	75	
>12-35°	50	70	
>35°(I)	50	70	

. ADDITION OF CENTRAL BAFFLE RECOMMENDED

NOTE:

ROOF PITCHES BELOW 80 REQUIRE AN INTERNAL GUTTER

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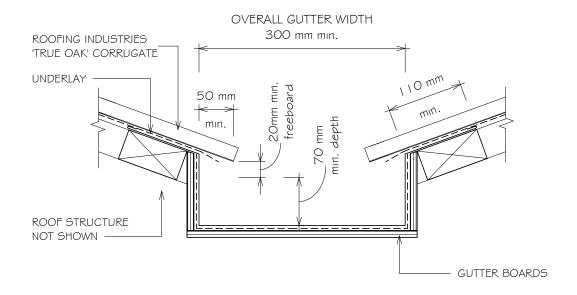


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING INTERNAL GUTTER

Detail Number: RI-RTCR007A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



#### NOTES:

- GUTTERS INSTALLED OVER ROOF UNDERLAY IF GUTTER BOARDS ARE TREATED TIMBER.
- 2. INTERNAL GUTTER SHALL BE SIZED TO SUIT THE ROOF CATCHMENT AREA, BUT SHALL BE NO LESS THAN SHOWN IN THIS FIGURE.
- INTERNAL GUTTER SHOULD BE MADE FROM NONFERROUS METAL'S COMPATIBLE WITH THE ROOFING MATERIAL.
- 4. GUTTER SIZES TO BE CALCULATED FROM E1/AS1

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### RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING FIXINGS AND SHEET LAP

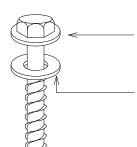
LINE OF SITE AND PREVAILING WEATHER DIRECTION RELATIVE TO

LAPS WHERE PRACTICABLE

Detail Number: RI-RTCR008A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



#### ROOFING

MINIMUM 12 GAUGE 55mm LONG TIMBER TEKSCREW

(USE 12x45mm STEELTEK FOR STEEL PURLINS) OR 3.8 SPIRAL SHANK NAIL HOT DIPPED GALV TO AS/NZS 4680.

NEOPRENE WASHER

#### CLADDING

MINIMUM 12 GAUGE 40mm LONG TIMBER TEKSCREW WITH NEO.

(USE 12x20mm STEELTEK FOR STEEL FRAMING) WHERE CAVITY BATTENS USED SCREWS TO PENETRATE FRAMING BY A MIN OF 30mm



PROFILE WASHER OVER EPDM WASHER

30mm NEOPRENE WASHER

OVERSIZED HOLE IN CREST OF PROFILE

WHERE REQUIRED FOR EXPANSION OR WIND UPLIFT IN ROOFING **APPLICATION** 

TYPE OF FIXING CORRUGATED METAL ROOFING NTS



#### CORRUGATED SPACING OF FIXINGS

APPLICATION	RIDGE, HIP, VALLEY, AND GUTTER LINE. PERIPHERY ROOF AREAS	REMAINDER OF ROOF (3)
CORRUGATED ROOFING	FIX SIDE LAPS AND FIX EVERY SECOND CORRUGATION	REFER www.roof.co.nz
CORRUGATED WALL CLADDING	FIX IN THE PAN ADJACENT TO EVERY SIDELAP OVER RIB AND EVERY SECOND PAN	

- SCREW FIXING IS RECOMMENDED FOR CORRUGATED PROFILES
- AS THERE IS LESS LIKELIHOOD OF THE FIXING 'BACKING OUT' THAN WITH A NAIL
- FIXINGS ARE FOR STEEL BASED MATERIALS. FOR OTHER SUBSTRATES REFER TO CORRUGATE PROFILE
- FOR WIND & CONCENTRATED LOAD SPAN DESIGN GRAPHS FOR OPTIONAL FIXING SELECTION & PATTERNS REFER TO CORRUGATE PROFILE TECHNICAL SUMMARY ON www.roof.co.nz

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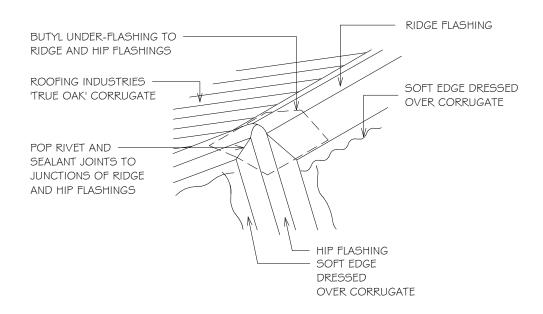


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING RIDGE - HIP FLASHING DETAIL

Detail Number: RI-RTCR009A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE  (As per NZS3604)	REFER 'X' VALUE DETAIL RCROO5A & B TRANSVERSE FLASHING OVER ROOFING	
SITUATION I (1)	130 (3)	
SITUATION 2 (2)	200 (3)	

#### NOTES:

FLASHING COVER VARIES (REFER TO TABLE FOR RIDGE/HIP - TRANSVERSE FLASHING OVER ROOFING)

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS IOO OR GREATER (X VALUE)
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH OR EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN I O° (X VALUE)
- FOR OTHER RIDGE TO HIP FLASHINGS REFER TO NEW ZEALAND METAL ROOF \$ WALL CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.

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- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

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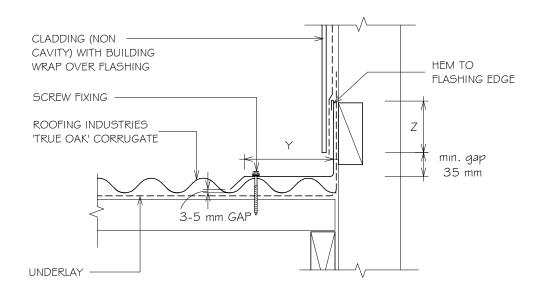


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (NON CAVITY)

Detail Number: RI-RTCROIOA

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM	
(As per NZS3604)	Z Y	
SITUATION I (1)	75mm	2 crests
SITUATION 2 (2)	l OOmm	3 "

#### NOTES:

### DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL:

- 1. SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
- SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH & EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.

- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
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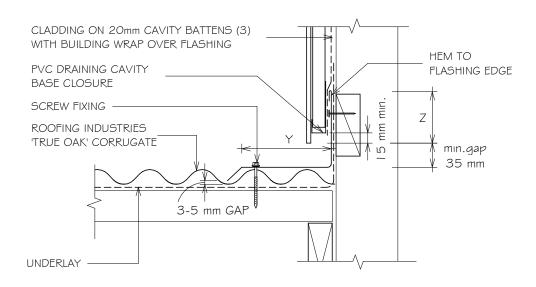


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (CAVITY)

Detail Number: RI-RTCROIOB

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	Y
SITUATION I (1)	75mm	2 crests
SITUATION 2 (2)	I OOmm	3 "

#### NOTES:

DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL:

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH AND EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN
- 3. CAVITY BATTENS OR PACKERS CONTAINING CORROSIVE MATERIAL MUST BE SEPARATED FROM METAL CLADDING BY DPC, BUILDING WRAP, PVC OR PAINTING

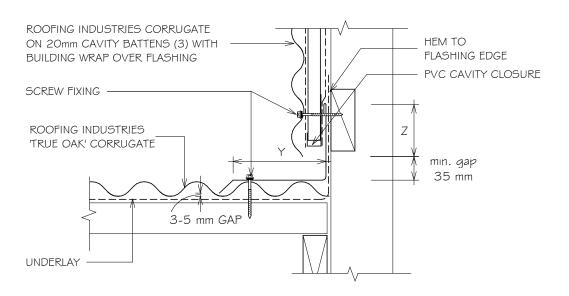
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# RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING PARALLEL APRON FLASHING (HORIZ CORRUGATE ON CAVITY)



SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	Y
SITUATION I (1)	75mm	2 crests
SITUATION 2 (2)	l OOmm	3 "

Detail Number: RI-RTCROLOC

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4

#### NOTES:

DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL:

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH AND EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
- 3. CAVITY BATTENS OR PACKERS CONTAINING
  CORROSIVE MATERIAL MUST BE SEPARATED FROM
  METAL CLADDING BY DPC, BUILDING WRAP, PVC OR
  PAINTING

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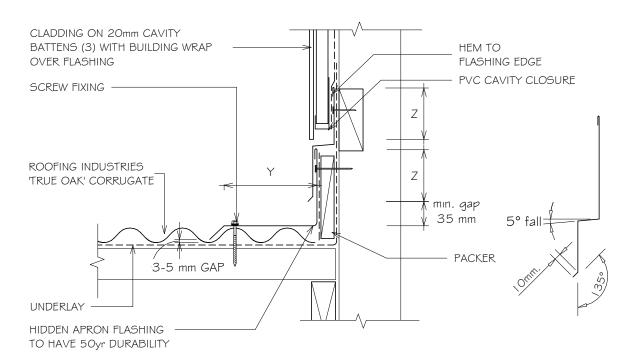


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING PARALLEL APRON 2 PIECE FLASHING (CAVITY)

Detail Number: RI-RTCROIOD

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	Y
SITUATION I (1)	75mm	2 crests
SITUATION 2 (2)	l OOmm	3 "

#### NOTES:

DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL:

- 1. SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH AND EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN IO°
- CAVITY BATTENS OR PACKERS CONTAINING CORROSIVE MATERIAL MUST BE SEPARATED FROM METAL CLADDING BY DPC, BUILDING WRAP, PVC OR PAINTING

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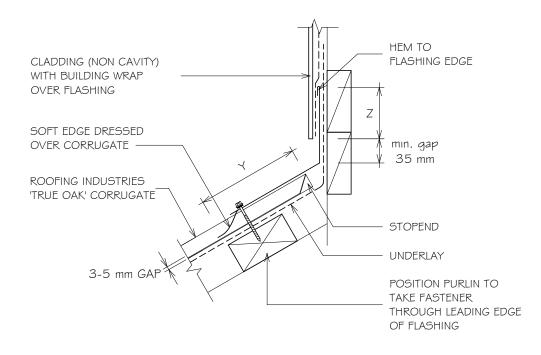


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING APRON FLASHING (NON CAVITY)

Detail Number: RI-RTCRO11A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	Y
SITUATION I (1)	75mm	150 mm
SITUATION 2 (2)	I OOmm	200 mm

#### NOTES:

#### DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL;

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER
- SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH AND EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
- 3. CAVITY BATTENS OR PACKERS CONTAINING
  CORROSIVE MATERIAL MUST BE SEPARATED FROM
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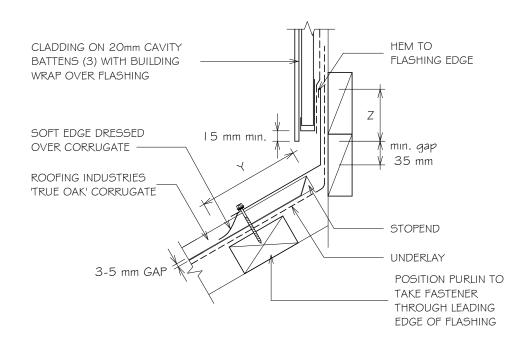


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING APRON FLASHING (CAVITY)

Detail Number: RI-RTCROIIB

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	Y
SITUATION I (1)	75mm	150 mm
SITUATION 2 (2)	I OOmm	200 mm

#### NOTES:

DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL;

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER
- SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH AND EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
- 3. CAVITY BATTENS OR PACKERS CONTAINING
  CORROSIVE MATERIAL MUST BE SEPARATED FROM
  METAL CLADDING BY DPC, BUILDING WRAP, PVC OR
  PAINTING
- 4. EXCLUDING ANY SOFT EDGE OR TURN-DOWN TO ROOFING

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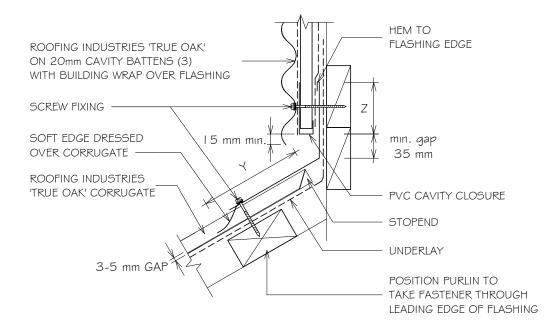


# RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING APRON FLASHING (HORIZ CORRUGATE ON CAVITY)

Detail Number: RI-RTCROIIC

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	Y
SITUATION I (1)	75mm	150 mm
SITUATION 2 (2)	I OOmm	200 mm

#### NOTES:

DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL;

- 1. SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH AND EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
- 3. CAVITY BATTENS OR PACKERS CONTAINING CORROSIVE MATERIAL MUST BE SEPARATED FROM METAL CLADDING BY DPC. BUILDING WRAP, PVC OR PAINTING
- 4. EXCLUDING ANY SOFT EDGE OR TURN-DOWN TO ROOFING

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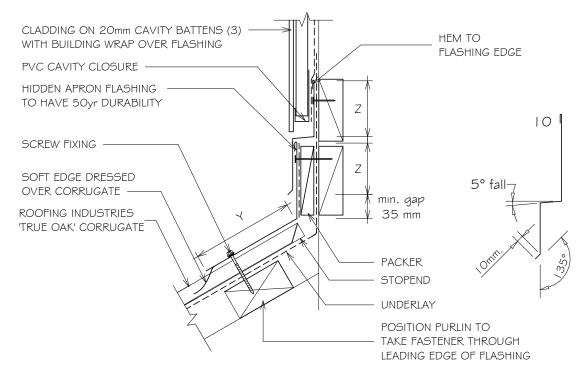


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING APRON 2 PIECE FLASHING (CAVITY)

Detail Number: RI-RTCRO11D

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	Y
SITUATION I (1)	75mm	150 mm
SITUATION 2 (2)	I OOmm	200 mm

#### NOTES:

DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL:

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LOO OR GREATER
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH AND EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
- 3. CAVITY BATTENS OR PACKERS CONTAINING
  CORROSIVE MATERIAL MUST BE SEPARATED FROM
  METAL CLADDING BY DPC, BUILDING WRAP, PVC OR
  PAINTING
- 4. EXCLUDING ANY SOFT EDGE OR TURN-DOWN TO ROOFING

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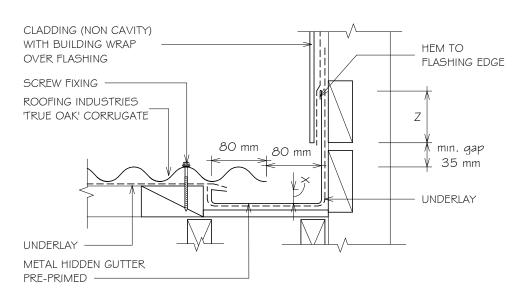


# RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING PARALLEL HIDDEN OR OBTUSE GUTTER (NON CAVITY)

Detail Number: RI-RTCRO12A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM	GUTTER DEPTH	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	ROOF PITCH (5) X,	
SITUATION I (1)	75mm	< 12°	45
SITUATION 2 (2)	I OOmm	I 2° or greater	20

#### NOTES:

DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL;

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH AND EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
- 3. WHERE GUTTER FINISHES WITHIN THE LENGTH OF THE WALL, STEP LOWER PART OF GUTTER OUT TO LOMM PAST THE CLADDING LINE, WHILE MAINTAINING REQUIRED CLEARANCES, TO ALLOW THE GUTTER TO FEED INTO THE LOWER EAVES GUTTER.
- 4. INTERNAL GUTTER SHOULD BE MADE FROM NONFERROUS METAL COMPATIBLE WITH THE ROOFING MATERIAL
- 5. GUTTER SHALL BE SIZED TO SUIT THE ROOF CATCHMENT AREA BUT SHALL BE NO LESS THAN THAN SHOWN IN THIS FIGURE AND DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CLAUSE 8.2 OF THE NZ METAL ROOF \$ WALL CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.

- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
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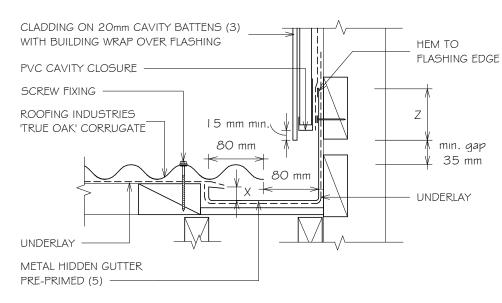


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING PARALLEL HIDDEN OR OBTUSE GUTTER (CAVITY)

Detail Number: RI-RTCRO 12B

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM	GUTTER DEPTH	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	ROOF PITCH (5) X n	
SITUATION I (1)	75mm	< 12°	45
SITUATION 2 (2)	I OOmm	I 2° or greater	20

#### NOTES:

DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL;

- 1. SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER
- SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH AND EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES. FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
- CAVITY BATTENS OR PACKERS CONTAINING CORROSIVE MATERIAL MUST BE SEPARATED FROM METAL CLADDING BY DPC, BUILDING WRAP, PVC OR PAINTING.
- 4. WHERE GUTTER FINISHES WITHIN THE LENGTH OF THE WALL, STEP LOWER PART OF GUTTER OUT TO 10mm PAST THE CLADDING LINE, WHILE MAINTAINING REQUIRED CLEARANCES, TO ALLOW THE GUTTER TO FEED INTO THE LOWER EAVES GUTTER.
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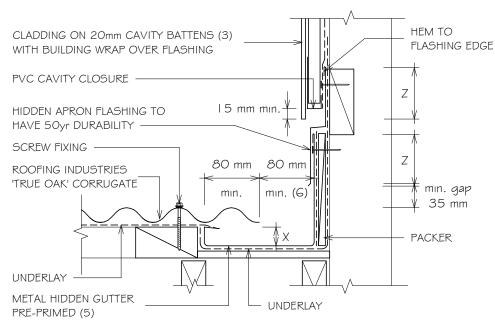
## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING PARALLEL HIDDEN OR OBTUSE 2 PIECE GUTTER

Detail Number: RI-RTCR012C

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4

(CAVITY)



SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM	GUTTER DEPTH	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	ROOF PITCH (5) X mi	
SITUATION I (1)	75mm	< 12°	45
SITUATION 2 (2)	I OOmm	I 2° or greater	20

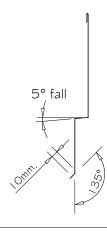
#### NOTES:

DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL:

- 1. SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH AND EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
- CAVITY BATTENS OR PACKERS CONTAINING CORROSIVE MATERIAL MUST BE SEPARATED FROM METAL CLADDING BY DPC. BUILDING WRAP. PVC OR PAINTING.
- 4. WHERE GUTTER FINISHES WITHIN THE LENGTH OF THE WALL, STEP LOWER PART OF GUTTER OUT TO 10mm PAST THE CLADDING LINE, WHILE MAINTAINING REQUIRED CLEARANCES, TO ALLOW THE GUTTER TO FEED INTO THE LOWER EAVES GUTTER.
- INTERNAL GUTTER SHOULD BE MADE FROM NONFERROUS METAL COMPATIBLE WITH THE ROOFING MATERIAL
- GUTTER SHALL BE SIZED TO SUIT THE ROOF CATCHMENT AREA BUT SHALL BE NO LESS THAN THAN SHOWN IN THIS FIGURE AND DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CLAUSE 8.2 OF THE NZ METAL ROOF \$ WALL CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.

- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity batterns are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity batterns may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof
  pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non self supporting paper
  is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting
  should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/A5 I.

  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.

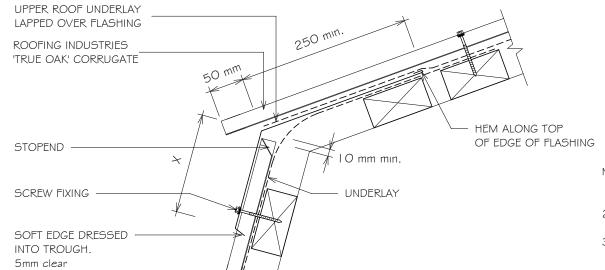




# RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING MANSARD / EXTERNAL CHANGE IN PITCH FLASHING

Detail Number: RI-RTCRO13A Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



SITE WIND ZONE	MIN mm	(X)
(As per NZS3604)	UPPER LAP UNDER ROOFING	TRANSVERSE FLASHING OVER ROOFING
SITUATION I (2)	250 (1)	150 (5)
SITUATION 2 (3)	250 (1)	200 (5)
SITUATION 3 (4)	(	6)

#### NOTES:

- I. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIMENSIONED IN DETAILS
- 2. SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER
- 3. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSOR WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH LESS THAN 10°.
- 4. SITUATION 3: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES.
- EXCLUDING ANY SOFT EDGE OR TURN-DOWN TO ROOFING.
- NOT PERMITTED UNDER E2/AS I, REFER NZ METAL ROOF \$
  WALL CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.

- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non-self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
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- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/A51.

  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.



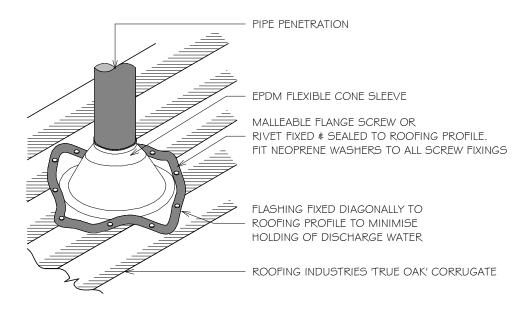


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING EPDM FLASHING FOR UP TO 85mm DIA PIPE

Detail Number: RI-RTCRO14A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



#### NOTES:

- I. FOR PIPES UP TO 85mm DIAMETER.
- 2. MAX ROOF PITCH FOR THIS FLASHING 45°. MIN PITCH 10°
- 3. MAXIMUM ROOF LENGTH ABOVE PENETRATION NOT TO EXCEED 12.0 METRES.
- 4. ALSO REFER TO NZ METAL ROOF \$ WALL CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.

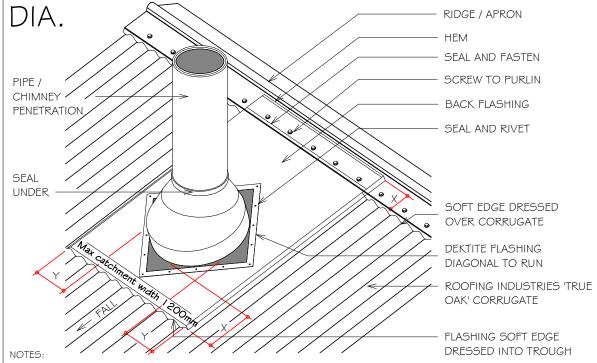
- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non-self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.





RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING UNDER RIDGE / APRON SOAKER FLASHING FOR PIPE / CHIMNEY PENETRATION UP TO 500mm



- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity batters are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity batters may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non-self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
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- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission.
- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS I.

  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.

Detail Number: RI-RTCRO 15A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4

SITE WIND ZONE	MIN mm (cover)	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	Y
SITUATION I (1)	I 50mm	2 crests
SITUATION 2 (2)	200mm	2 crests

#### NOTES:

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH # EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSOR WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH LESS THAN 10°.
- 3. SUITABLE FOR PIPES UP TO 500mm DIAMETER.
- 4. MAX ROOF PITCH FOR THIS FLASHING 45°, MIN PITCH 8°
- 5. ADDITIONAL SUPPORT FRAMING REQUIRED WHEN PENETRATION EXCEEDS 200mm THROUGH ROOF.
- ALSO REFER TO NZ METAL ROOF & CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.

CATCHMENT	MAX ROOF LENGTH
WIDTH	ABOVE PENETRATION
0-400	12 METRES
400-600	8 METRES
600-800	6 METRES
800-1200	4 METRES

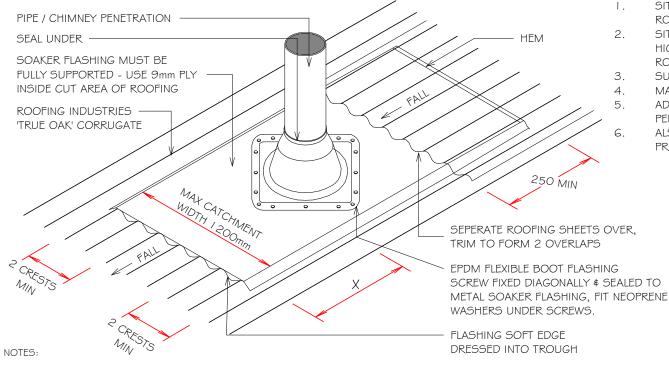


# RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING SOAKER FLASHING FOR PIPE / CHIMNEY PENETRATION (85-500mm DIA, MID ROOF) NOTES:

Detail Number: RI-RTCR0 | 5B

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity batters are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity batters may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non-self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
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- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH # EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSOR WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH LESS THAN 10°.
- SUITABLE FOR PIPES UP TO 500mm DIAMETER.
- MAX ROOF PITCH FOR THIS FLASHING 45°, MIN PITCH 8°
- ADDITIONAL SUPPORT FRAMING REQUIRED WHEN PENETRATION EXCEEDS 200mm THROUGH ROOF.
- ALSO REFER TO NZ METAL ROOF ¢ CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.

SITE WIND ZONE	MIN mm (cover)	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	Y
SITUATION I (1)	I 50mm	2 crests
SITUATION 2 (2)	200mm	2 crests

CATCHMENT	MAX ROOF LENGTH
WIDTH	ABOVE PENETRATION
0-400	12 METRES
400-600	8 METRES
600-800	6 METRES
800-1200	4 METRES

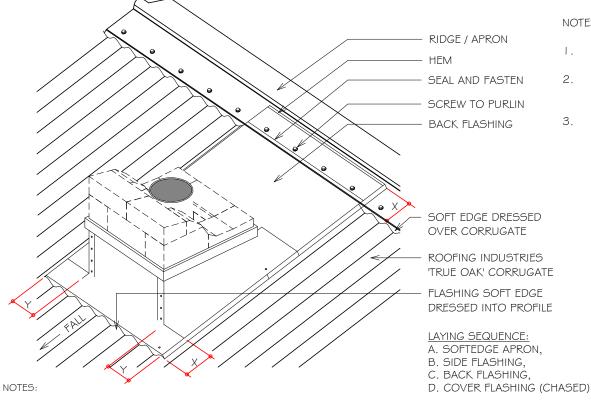


### RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING UNDER RIDGE / APRON CHIMNEY FLASHING

Detail Number: RI-RTCROIGA

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



- SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
- SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH & EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES. FOR ALL LESSOR WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH LESS THAN 10°.
- ALSO REFER TO NZ METAL ROOF & CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.

SITE WIND ZONE	MIN mm (cover)	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	Y
SITUATION I (1)	I 50mm	2 crests
SITUATION 2 (2)	200mm	2 crests

CATCHMENT	MAX ROOF LENGTH
WIDTH	ABOVE PENETRATION
0-400	12 METRES
400-600	8 METRES
600-800	6 METRES
800-1200	4 METRES

- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity batters are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer. Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
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- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS I. Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer. Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.



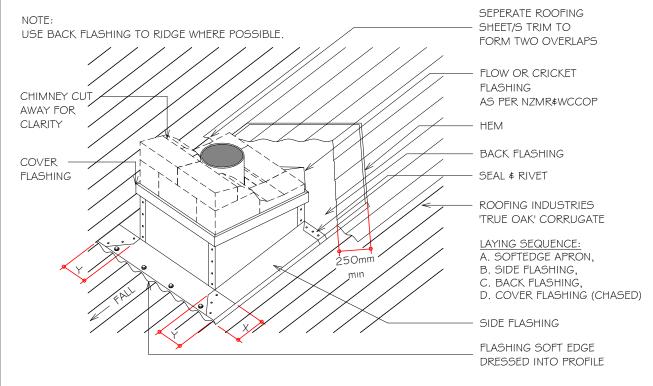


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING CHIMNEY FLASHING, MID ROOF

Detail Number: RI-RTCR016B

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



#### NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity batterns are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity batterns may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof
  pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non self supporting paper
  is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting
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- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS I.

  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.

#### NOTES:

- 1. SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH # EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSOR WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH LESS THAN 10°.
- ALSO REFER TO NZ METAL ROOF ¢ CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.

SITE WIND ZONE	MIN mm (cover)	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	Y
SITUATION I (I)	I 50mm	2 crests
SITUATION 2 (2)	200mm	2 crests

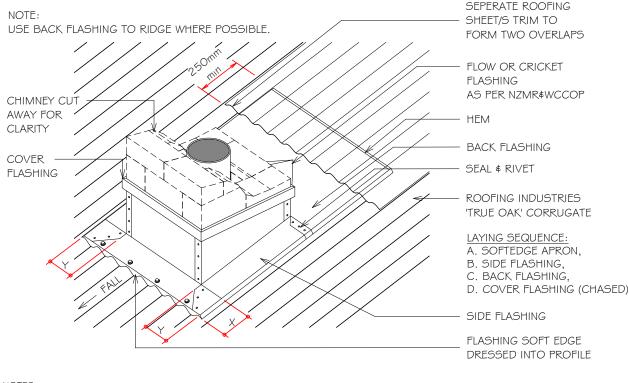
CATCHMENT	MAX ROOF LENGTH
WIDTH	ABOVE PENETRATION
0-400	12 METRES
400-600	8 METRES
600-800	6 METRES
800-1200	4 METRES



## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING CHIMNEY FLASHING, MID ROOF

Detail Number: RI-RTCR016C Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



#### NOTES:

- 1. SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER.
- SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH \$ EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL LESSOR WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH LESS THAN 10°.
- 3. ALSO REFER TO NZ METAL ROOF & CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.

SITE WIND ZONE	MIN mm (cover)	
(As per NZS3604)	Z	Y
SITUATION I (1)	I 50mm	2 crests
SITUATION 2 (2)	200mm	2 crests

CATCHMENT	MAX ROOF LENGTH	
WIDTH	ABOVE PENETRATION	
0-400	12 METRES	
400-600	8 METRES	
600-800	6 METRES	
800-1200	4 METRES	

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  pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non self supporting paper
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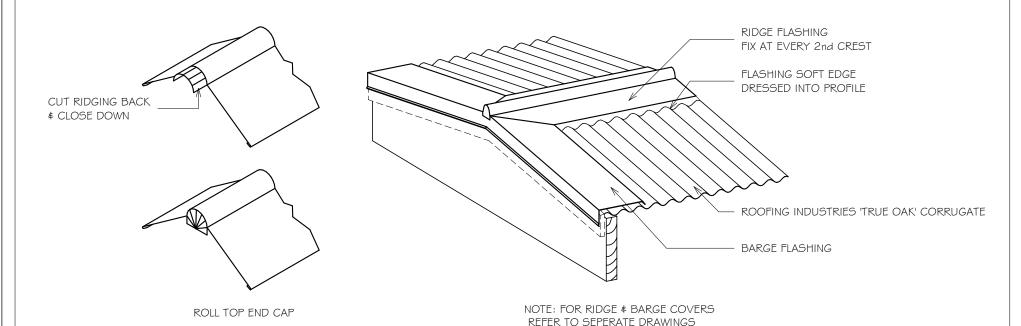
  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.

## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING RIDGE / BARGE JUNCTION

Detail Number: RI-RTCR025A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



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  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.



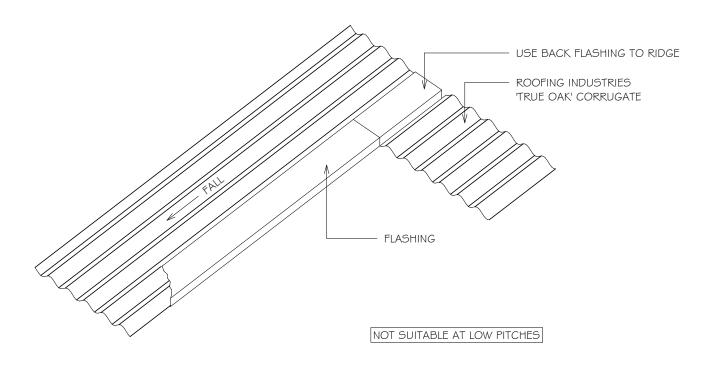


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING INTERNAL BARGE FLASHING

Detail Number: RI-RTCR026A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity batters are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity batters may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non-self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
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- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.
   Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.



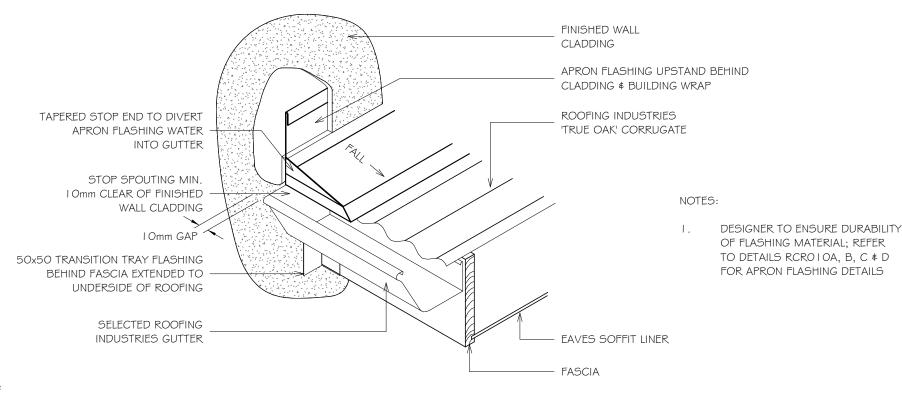


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING PARALLEL APRON DIVERTER JUNCTION

Detail Number: RI-RTCR027A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



#### NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
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- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.

  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.

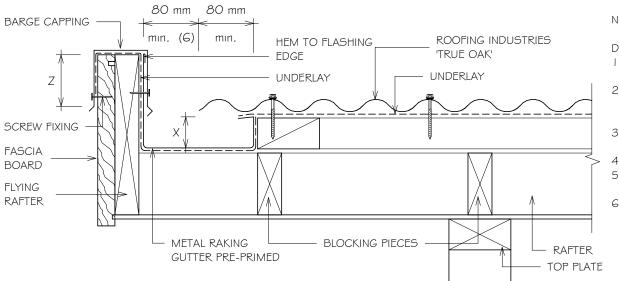


## RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING RAKING INTERNAL GUTTER

Detail Number: RI-RTCR028A

Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4



#### NOTES:

DESIGNER TO ENSURE DURABILITY OF FLASHING MATERIAL;

- I. SITUATION I: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND ZONES, WHERE ROOF PITCH IS 10° OR GREATER
- 2. SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH AND EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES, FOR ALL WIND ZONES WHERE ROOF PITCH IS LESS THAN 10°.
- 3. SITUATION 3: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN EXTRA HIGH WIND ZONES.
- 4. EXCLUDES DRIP EDGE.
- 5. INTERNAL GUTTER SHOULD BE MADE FROM NONFERROUS METAL COMPATIBLE WITH THE ROOFING MATERIAL
- G. GUTTER SHALL BE SIZED TO SUIT THE ROOF CATCHMENT AREA BUT SHALL BE NO LESS THAN THAN SHOWN IN THIS FIGURE AND DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CLAUSE 8.2 OF THE NZ METAL ROOF \$ WALL CLADDING CODE OF PRACTICE.

GUTTER DEPTH		
ROOF PITCH	(6) X min	
< 12°	45	
l 2° or greater	20	

SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM
(As per NZS3604)	Z
SITUATION I (1)	50 (4)
SITUATION 2 (2)	75 (4)
SITUATION 3 (3)	90 (4)

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- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity batters are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity batters may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper. At roof pitches of 8° and above where non-self supporting paper is used or purlin spacing is in excess of self supporting criteria, netting or other support should be used. Alternative support to netting should be used in severe coastal environments including when aluminium is used.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.

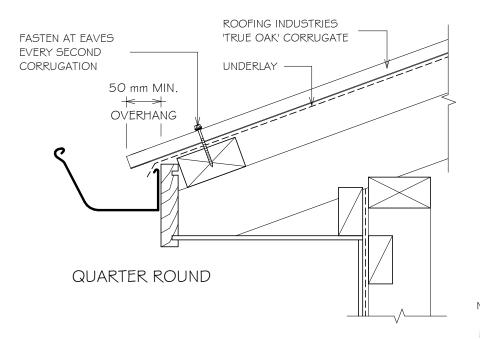
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- These details to be read with Roofing Industries profile technical summary regarding wind loads and fixings.
- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS I.

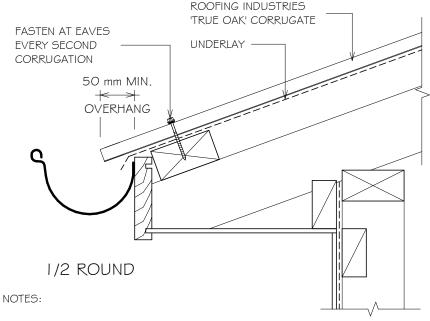
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# RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING ROOFING INDUSTRIES GUTTER OPTIONS QUARTER \$ 1/2 ROUND FOR TIMBER FASCIA

Detail Number: RI-RTCR030A Date drawn: 07/07/2020

Scale: 1:5@ A4





GUTTER APRON FLASHINGS MAY BE
 REQUIRED AS PER DRAWING RCRO04A

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- The building designer is ultimately responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
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  Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.





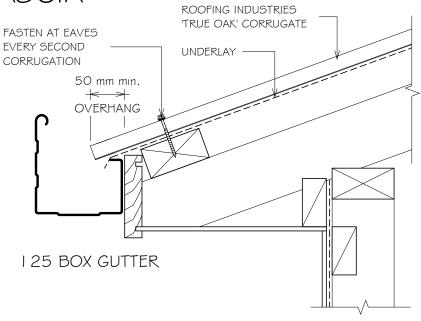
### RESIDENTIAL TRUE OAK® CORRUGATE ROOFING ROOFING INDUSTRIES GUTTER OPTIONS 125 BOX GUTTER \$ OLD GOTHIC FOR TIMBER

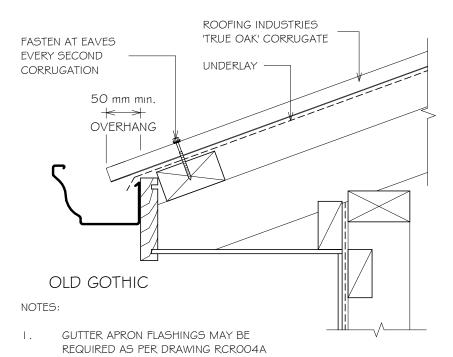
Detail Number: RI-RTCR030B

Date drawn: 07/07/2017

Scale: 1:5@ A4







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- The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
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- Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof \$ Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz or E2/AS1.
   Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer, Netting or other support is generally required at roof pitches less than 8 degrees combined with a self supporting paper.



