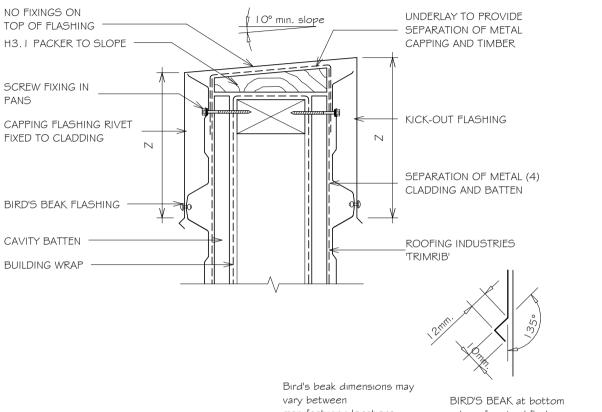
RESIDENTIAL TRIMRIB® WALL CLADDING BALUSTRADE FOR HORIZONTAL CLADDING



Detail Number: RI-RTW031A Date drawn: 07/07/2017 Scale: I : 5@ A4

SITE WIND ZONE	MINIMUM (mm)
(As per NZS3604)	Z (5)
SITUATION I (1)	75 or 2 ⁽³⁾
	crests
SITUATION 2 (2)	100 or 2 ⁽³⁾
	crests

NOTES

- L SITUATION 1: IN LOW, MEDIUM OR HIGH WIND 70NES
- SITUATION 2: FOR ALL ROOF PITCHES IN VERY HIGH # 2. FXTRA HIGH WIND 70NES
- 3. EXCLUDES DRIP EDGE.
- 4 CAVITY BATTENS CONTAINING CORROSIVE MATERIAL MUST BE SEPARATED FROM METAL CLADDING BY DPC. BUILDING WRAP. PVC OR PAINTING. 5 SLOPE FOR PARAPET CAP 5 DEGREES INCREASE SLOPE FOR BALUSTRADE TO 10 DEGREES. REFER F4/ASI.

manufacturing locations

edge of vertical flashing

KICK-OUT at bottom edge of vertical flashing

NOTES:

- These details are generally in compliance with E2/AS I and/or the NZ Metal Roof # Wall Cladding Code of Practice and in some cases specific details by 'Roofing Industries'.
- The building designer is ultimatley responsible to ensure that details used meet the requirements of the NZ Building Code for the specific project.
- Details of the supporting structure including cavity battens are indicative only and are the responsibility of the building designer. For steel framed buildings thermal break cavity battens may be required.
- Underlay selection and building wrap types are the responsibility of the designer. When rigid wall underlay is required it is the designers responsibility to ensure the correct type is used and follow the manufacturers recommendation for installation.
- These details are for Roofing Industries profile/s as nominated and may not be applicable to other profiles.
- This drawing is the copyright of 'Roofing Industries' and can only be copied or reproduced with their permission. Further information can be obtained from the NZ Metal Roof & Wall Cladding Code of Practice: www.metalroofing.org.nz OR NZBC clause E2/AS I.



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