



KEY

- Framing
- Batten
- Corner Batten
- Vertical Track Flashing

Batten options

1. Treated timber battens should have castellated profile to permit air passage and minimum 15° slope edge to shed water.

Impervious barrier (MDPE) or similar tape between cladding and batten.
To comply with NZBC E2/AS1 - Table 23.

Note:
Some machining of vertical battens may be required to avoid "build up".
i.e. back flashings / tapes

2. Cavity plastic Batten

Note:
packing/shims may be needed to ensure boards are fitted flat without distortion.

* Additional timber may be required at soffit to support UA 5831 Soffit Base.

Note: Important

Underlay strips to isolate aluminium from treated timber battens 50 mm wide medium density polyethylene (MDPE)

To comply with NZBC E2/AS1 - Table 23. Properties of roofing underlays and wall underlays, separates aluminium components and accessories from timber battens treated with copper-based treatments.

Cavity closers required as per NZBC E2/AS1 (section 9.1.8)

0.9 x 90mm Aluminium Track Flashing.
Alternatively use Dynex Dynafash.